



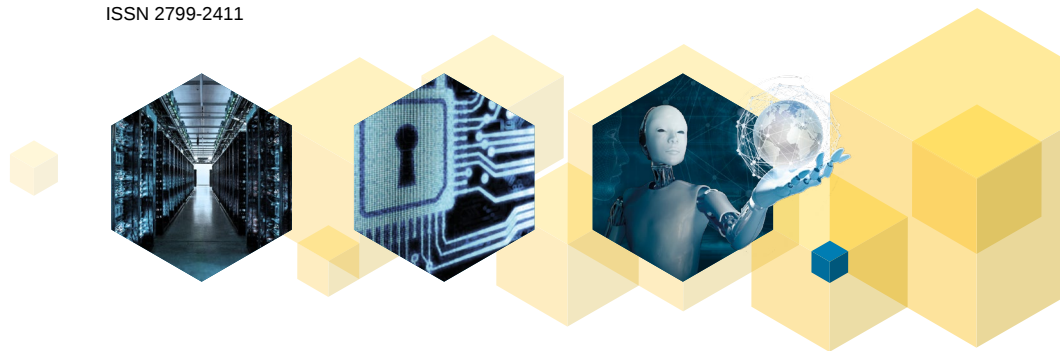
ILNAS

STANDARDS ANALYSIS

ICT SECTOR

LUXEMBOURG

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Institut Luxembourgeois de la
Normalisation, de l'Accréditation, de la
Sécurité et qualité des produits et services



Agence pour la Normalisation et
l'Economie de la Connaissance

FOREWORD

Technical standardization and standards play an important role in the support of economic development. Nowadays, almost every sector relies on standards to function day-to-day and provide services in an efficient manner. They can provide, for example, good practices for services and product development, governance, quality assessment, safety, trustworthiness, etc. Even if the application of standards remains voluntary, it yields a real advantage in creating added value to a product, service, or process. Standards are therefore considered a major source of benefits, and this is particularly true for Information and Communication Technology (ICT), which supports all other economic developments.

Indeed, the ICT sector has gained more and more importance in society as a whole in the few last decades, as evidenced for instance by the computerization of equipment in general, the advent of global connectivity, and more recently the emergence of smart paradigms such as the Internet of Things and Artificial Intelligence (AI). We are probably only at the beginning of this transformation, wherein ICT domains fully converge. In this context, technical standardization plays a key role, for example to connect all ICT components, to make them interoperable and prevent vendor lock-in, to support the integration of multiple data sources or to provide the security and safety of the next digital world.

The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg has clearly understood the importance of the digital economy and has engaged since several years in an ambitious innovation strategy for the ICT sector, considering that the development of a trusted and sustainable economy will notably rely on a data-driven approach. The “*Institut Luxembourgeois de la Normalisation, de l’Accréditation, de la Sécurité et qualité des produits et services*” (ILNAS) fully supports this development through the “[Luxembourg Standardization Strategy 2024-2030](#)”, which identifies the ICT sector as key to fostering growth, along with the construction and aerospace sectors. In this context, ILNAS has developed the “[Luxembourg’s policy on ICT technical standardization 2026-2030](#)”, which aims to promote and strengthen the use of technical standards by the national market, to reinforce the positioning of Luxembourg in the global ICT standardization landscape, particularly through a stronger involvement of national stakeholders in the relevant standardization technical committees, and to pursue the development of research and education programs. In order to carry out this policy, ILNAS benefits notably from the support of the Economic Interest Group “*Agence pour la Normalisation et l’Économie de la Connaissance*” (ANEC GIE - Standardization Department).

In this frame, ILNAS is well involved in standardization education, as educational programs have been developed through a fruitful collaboration with the University of Luxembourg, the latest being the ongoing Master MTECH “[Technopreneurship: mastering smart ICT, standardisation and digital trust for enabling next generation of ICT solutions](#)”. This diploma allows national stakeholders to gain familiarity with Smart Secure ICT technologies, notably from the standardization and Technopreneurship points of view, to seize future business opportunities offered in this innovative area.

In parallel, ILNAS also has ongoing research activities, in particular in the ICT sector. Among the latest initiatives in this area is an ongoing research program between ILNAS and the Interdisciplinary Centre for Security, Reliability and Trust (SnT) of the University of Luxembourg entitled “[Technical Standardisation for Trustworthy and Sustainable ICT, Aerospace and Construction](#)” (2026-2028). This third iteration of the program is exploring digital trust and sustainability aspects of the three sectors, with ICT playing a horizontal role in the other two.

On the other hand, ILNAS has published a [series of White Papers and reports](#) in order to inform the market about technical standardization developments in certain ICT sub-topics.

Within this global framework, this Standards Analysis “ICT Sector - Luxembourg” is intended to serve as a practical tool to discover the latest standardization developments in the overall landscape of ICT related technologies, from more seasoned topics such as software engineering and programming languages to more recent ones such as the Internet of Things, Cloud Computing, Artificial Intelligence (AI) or Quantum Technologies. Therefore, the present document will allow national stakeholders to identify relevant standardization technical committees in the ICT sector, notably the National Standardization Commissions set-up at national level for the Cybersecurity, AI, Data or Quantum domains.

The ultimate objective of the document is to offer the national market guidance for a potential future involvement in the standards development process and allow the discovery of the services provided by ILNAS at the national level regarding technical standardization.

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INTRODUCTION

The Information and Communication Technology (ICT) sector is a keystone of the global economy. Indeed, nowadays it provides pervasive support to all other sectors of activity, notably driven by the development of Artificial Intelligence and the data economy. As systems become more and more digitized and intricate, the growth of the ICT sector is now driven by the ability of its multiple components to interoperate (“to talk to each other”). Standards can allow this interoperability between different products from different manufacturers, while offering solutions to ensure an adequate level of trustworthiness in their operation.

Luxembourg’s economy benefits from a vibrant ICT ecosystem. It was composed of 3,369 enterprises in 2023 (6.9% of the total number of enterprises)¹ and represented 4.3% of the total employment at the first quarter of 2026². ILNAS supports the economic development of the sector from the technical standardization perspective, through the implementation of the “[Luxembourg Standardization Strategy 2024-2030](#)” and the execution of the “[Luxembourg’s policy on ICT technical standardization 2026-2030](#)”. The institute undertakes multiple activities in order to develop a network of experts, support the transfer of knowledge and education about ICT standardization to national stakeholders, and strengthen their participation in related technical committees³.

In addition, current developments of ILNAS are in line with the [European standardisation strategy](#) published in 2022 by the European Commission (EC), with the aim to further strengthen the European competitiveness and resilience. Indeed, the European Union intends to reinforce its role as a global standards-setter to ensure a resilient, green and digital Single Market and standards directly support European legislation, such as [Cybersecurity Act](#), [Data governance Act](#), [Digital services Act](#). Within this framework, the EC also publishes each year, a [Rolling Plan for ICT Standardisation](#), which provides a unique bridge between EU policies and ICT standardization activities. Upon consultation and dialogue across multiple stakeholders, it specifies the priority topics in ICT, overviews policies, legislation and standardization activities for each topic and identifies the challenges that can be tackled through different actions, including the standardization.

In this context, the current version of the Standards Analysis “ICT Sector - Luxembourg” reflects the main standardization activities of recognized Standards Development Organizations (SDOs) within the ICT landscape, taking into consideration the topics identified in the 2026 version of the Rolling Plan for ICT Standardisation. This analysis serves as a practical tool dedicated to national organizations, allowing them to identify technical standardization activities supporting their business. It provides a panoramic view of the technical committees working in the domain, so that national stakeholders, whether providers or users of ICT, can easily identify standards and committees relevant to their core business and needs.

This Standards Analysis is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1 outlines the objectives of technical standardization and introduces its landscape at the international, European and national levels.
- Chapter 2 proposes a description of the categorization of the ICT sector used in this Standards Analysis (ICT subsectors) to present the standardization technical committees identified.
- Chapter 3 highlights some links between standardization activities and European legislation, introducing standardization requests issued by the European Commission and technical committees working on the delivery of the requested standards.

¹ Source: LUSTAT - Demography of active enterprises by economic activity

² Source: LUSTAT - Total employment by activity (NaceR2) (in 1 000 persons)

³ Note: In this report, the term “standardization technical committee” is generic and covers “technical committees”, “subcommittees”, “working groups”, etc.

- Chapter 4 constitutes the heart of the Standards Analysis. It provides an overview of the ICT standardization technical committees, spread out according to the categories from Chapter 2. Each technical committee is presented using a table (ID-card), which details the most relevant information about its activities and allows national stakeholders to easily determine their relevance in regard to their business.
- Chapter 5 presents opportunities related to standardization for national stakeholders. It also introduces the way ILNAS supports the national economy through technical standardization.

1 TECHNICAL STANDARDIZATION AND STANDARDS

Standardization corresponds to the definition of voluntary technical or quality specifications with which current or future products, production processes or services may comply. Standardization is organized by and for all relevant interested parties based on national representation (CEN, CENELEC, ISO and IEC) and direct participation (ETSI and ITU-T), and is founded on the [principles recognized by the World Trade Organization \(WTO\)](#) in the field of standardization (see Section 1.1).

Technical standards provide an effective economic tool for achieving various objectives, such as mutual understanding, reduction of costs, elimination of waste, improvement of efficiency, achievement of compatibility between products and components or access to knowledge about technologies⁴. The application of the fundamental principles stated by the WTO throughout the development of technical standards also guarantees the legitimacy of these documents.

In addition, technical standards play an important role for innovation. As pointed out by the European Commission (EC) in its [communication on ICT Standardisation Priorities for the Digital Single Market](#): *“They guarantee that technologies work smoothly and reliably together, provide economies of scale, foster research and innovation and keep markets open”*. It is all the more relevant in the current context, in which the world tends to become digitized, and everything becomes connected. Technical standardization is thus a keystone to ensure interoperability of complex ICT systems, thereby minimizing the barriers that may still exist to build the future of the digital world.

Finally, as stated in [“An EU Strategy on Standardisation - Setting global standards in support of a resilient, green and digital EU single market”](#), technical standardization is a core component in the EU's competitiveness not just at the European level, but at the international one as well.

1.1 Standardization Objectives and Principles

According to [Regulation \(EU\) N°1025/2012](#), standardization is based on founding principles defined by the World Trade Organization, which are observed by the formal standards bodies for the development of international standards:

Transparency

All essential information regarding current work programs, as well as on proposals for standards, guides and recommendations under consideration and on the results should be made easily accessible to all interested parties.

Openness

Membership of an international standards body should be open on a non-discriminatory basis to relevant bodies.

Impartiality and Consensus

All relevant bodies should be provided with meaningful opportunities to contribute to the elaboration of an international standard so that the standard development process will not give privilege to, or favor the interests of, a particular supplier, country or region. Consensus procedures should be established that seek to take into account the views of all parties concerned and to reconcile any conflicting arguments.

⁴ [CEN-CENELEC, “Standards and your business.” 2013](#)

Effectiveness and Relevance

International standards need to be relevant and to effectively respond to regulatory and market needs, as well as scientific and technological developments in various countries. They should not distort the global market, have adverse effects on fair competition, or stifle innovation and technological development. In addition, they should not give preference to the characteristics or requirements of specific countries or regions when different needs or interests exist in other countries or regions. Whenever possible, international standards should be performance based rather than based on design or descriptive characteristics.

Coherence

In order to avoid the development of conflicting international standards, it is important that international standards bodies avoid duplication of, or overlap with, the work of other international standards bodies. In this respect, cooperation and coordination with other relevant international bodies is essential.

Development dimension

Constraints on developing countries, in particular, to effectively participate in standards development, should be taken into consideration in the standards development process. Tangible ways of facilitating developing countries participation in international standards development should be sought.

Standardization is an efficient economic tool offering the possibility to pursue various objectives, such as:

- Management of diversity;
- Convenience of use;
- Performance, quality and reliability;
- Health and safety;
- Compatibility;
- Interchangeability;
- Security;
- Trustworthiness;
- Environmental protection;
- Product protection;
- Mutual understanding;
- Economic performance;
- Trade;
- Etc.

1.2 Standardization Landscape

Regulation (EU) No 1025/2012 recognized:

- Three European Standardization Organizations (ESO):
 - o European Committee for Standardization (CEN),
 - o European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC),
 - o European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI);
- Three international standardization organizations:
 - o International Organization for Standardization (ISO),
 - o International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC),
 - o International Telecommunication Union's Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T).

Within this framework, each organization has its own scope of work:

- CENELEC and IEC are specialized in electrotechnical standards.
- ETSI and ITU-T are focused on telecommunications standards.
- CEN and ISO are in charge of the standards in other sectors.

At the national level, one or several national standards bodies serve the interests of the country within each of the European and international standardization organizations (e.g.: in Germany, on the one

hand DIN is the member of ISO and CEN, and on the other hand DKE is member of IEC, CENELEC and ETSI). In Luxembourg, ILNAS – the only official national standards body – is a member of the European and international standardization organizations CEN, CENELEC, ETSI, ISO, IEC and ITU-T.

The role of the national standards bodies has been reinforced by [Regulation \(EU\) 2022/2480](#) (amending [Regulation \(EU\) N°1025/2012](#)), putting the decisions concerning Standardisation requests, European standards and European standardization deliverables exclusively in the hands of national standards bodies from the Member States of the European Union.

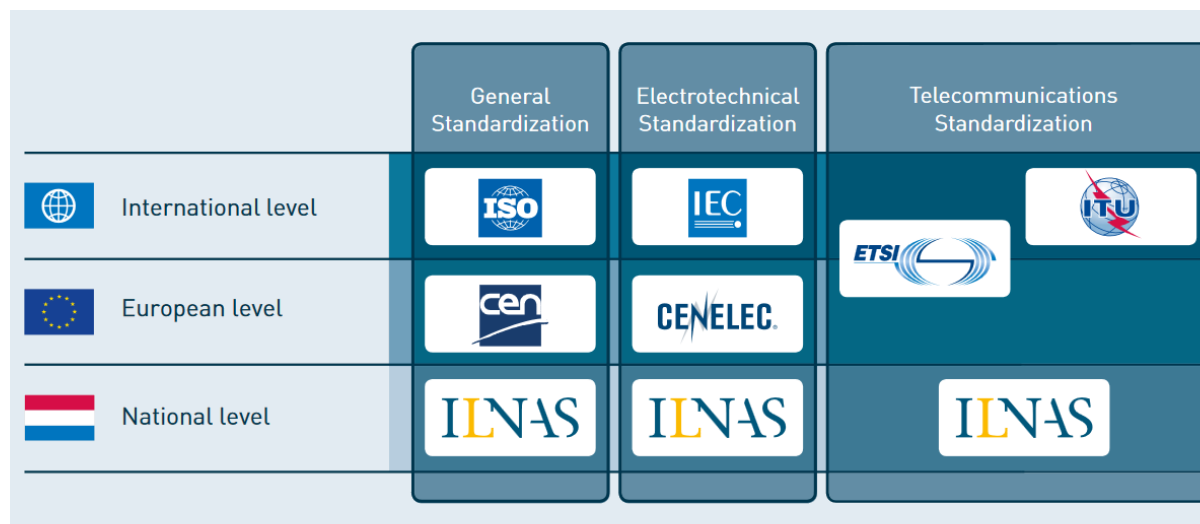


Figure 1: Interactions between the Standardization Organizations

Collaboration is another important aspect of standardization. Several bridges exist between the national, European and international standardization organizations in order to facilitate the coordination of standardization work in the different fields.

Indeed, to ensure transparency in the work, prevent standards duplication, and avoid conflicting requirements, agreements have been established between international and European standardization organizations.

In 1991, ISO and CEN signed the [Vienna Agreement](#), which is based on the following guiding principles:

- Primacy of international standards and adoption of ISO Standards at the European level (EN ISO).
- Development of the standards at the European level (CEN), if there is no interest at the international level (ISO).
- When there is a common interest at ISO and CEN levels, a given project undergoes parallel development, with procedures in place to ensure the approval of standardization documents by both organizations.

Similarly, CENELEC and IEC signed the Dresden Agreement in 1996 with the aim of developing intensive consultations in the electrotechnical field. This agreement was superseded by the [Frankfurt Agreement](#) in 2016 with the aim to simplify the parallel voting processes, and increase the traceability of international standards adopted in Europe thanks to a new referencing system. It is intended to achieve the following guiding principles:

- Development of all new standardization projects by IEC (as much as possible).
- Work at the European level (CENELEC) if there is no interest at the international level (IEC).
- When a given project undergoes parallel development, ballots for relevant standardization documents are organized simultaneously by both organizations (IEC and CENELEC).

Under both agreements, 35.3% of all European standards ratified by CEN, as well as 75.2% of those ratified by CENELEC, are respectively identical to ISO or IEC standards⁵. In that respect, the European and international organizations do not duplicate work.

Similarly, ITU-T and ETSI have agreed on a [Memorandum of Understanding](#) (MoU) in 2000, lastly renewed in 2016, that paves the way for European regional standards, developed by ETSI, to be recognized internationally.

Agreements also exist between the standards organizations to facilitate their cooperation. For example, ISO and IEC have the possibility to sign conventions to create a Joint Technical Committee (JTC) or a Joint Project Committee (JPC) when an area of work overlaps the two organizations (e.g.: ISO/IEC JTC 1 for Information Technology or ISO/IEC JTC 3 for Quantum Technologies). Similarly, CEN and CENELEC have the possibility to create a JTC in areas covering the expertise of both organizations, such as in the ICT domain (e.g.: CEN/CLC/JTC 13 for Cybersecurity and Data Protection, CEN/CLC/JTC 21 for Artificial Intelligence or CEN/CLC JTC 22 for Quantum Technologies).

ISO, IEC and ITU have also established the [World Standards Cooperation \(WSC\)](#) in 2001, a high-level collaboration system intending to strengthen and advance the voluntary consensus-based international standards system and to resolve issues related to the technical cooperation between the three organizations. Similarly, a [cooperation agreement](#) has been established between CEN, CENELEC and ETSI in order to facilitate cooperation and collaboration between the three ESOs, and to share their expertise of standards-making, particularly in the light of new technologies, mandated work and areas of common interest.

ISO and IEC Standardization Committees

ISO is the world's dominant developer and publisher of International Standards in terms of scope. It has over 26,100 standards published (21.4 % for the sole 'Information technology, graphics and photography' technical sector) and more than 4,500 standards under development⁶. ISO is in charge of developing International Standards for all industry sectors.

IEC prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies – collectively known as “electrotechnology”.

To prevent an overlap in standardization work related to information technology, ISO and IEC formed a Joint Technical Committee in 1987 known as ISO/IEC JTC 1 *Information technology*. It has taken a leading role in ICT standardization in the last few years with the creation of working groups and technical subcommittees directly responsible for the development of ICT International Standards.

CEN and CENELEC Standardization Committees

CEN and CENELEC are two official European Standards Organizations (ESOs) closely collaborating through a common CEN-CENELEC Management Centre since 2010. They are notably in charge of developing ICT standards at the European level. Even if most of the ICT-related topics are being tackled at the international level by ISO/IEC JTC 1, complying with the “Vienna Agreement” set up between CEN and ISO, as detailed above, CEN and CENELEC have technical committees and additional other groups active in different areas of the ICT sector directly under their supervision.

The standardization activities of CEN and CENELEC are detailed in an [annual common Work Program](#). They are active in several ICT-related areas covering both digital and smart society: e-Signatures, Intelligent Transport Systems, Smart Grids, Smart Metering, Internet of Things, Smart Homes, Smart Cities, Advanced Manufacturing, Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technologies, Cybersecurity and Data Protection, Digital twin, Quantum technologies, etc.

⁵ [CEN CENELEC in figures – 2026 Q1](#)

⁶ [ISO in figures](#)

ETSI - European Telecommunications Standards Institute

ETSI is a leading standardization organization for ICT standards fulfilling European and global market needs. The European Union officially recognizes ETSI as an ESO. ETSI is covering a wide range of technologies, such as: Artificial Intelligence and automation, Broadcasting, Cybersecurity, privacy and users, ICT infrastructure and operations, Next generation technologies, Software for standards, Technologies for life, Testing and interoperability, Transport technologies, Wireless and mobile technologies. The standardization activities of ETSI are detailed in an [annual Work Program](#), whose last edition is covering the period 2025/2026.

ITU-T - International Telecommunication Union - Telecommunication Standardization Sector

The International Telecommunication Union - Telecommunication Standardization Sector (ITU-T) is an “intergovernmental public-private partnership organization” which brings together experts from around the world to develop international standards known as ITU-T Recommendations, which cover defining elements in the global infrastructure of ICT. It is currently composed of [10 Study Groups](#) working on different aspects of ICT.

1.3 National Actors

1.3.1 ILNAS - The National Standards Body

ILNAS (*Institut luxembourgeois de la normalisation, de l'accréditation, de la sécurité et qualité des produits et services*) is a public administration under the authority of the Minister of the Economy, SME, Energy and Tourism of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg. Founded in 2008, ILNAS represents a network of competencies relating to quality, safety and conformity of products and services (see Figure 2), and its mission is to support national competitiveness. One of ILNAS' missions is to promote technical standardization. As such, it is the Grand Duchy's National Standards Body. ILNAS organizes its standardization work according to the [Luxembourg Standardization Strategy 2024-2030](#), and associated [ICT](#), [Construction](#), [Aerospace](#), [CASCO](#) and [Sustainable Development](#) national technical standardization policies.



Figure 2: The departments of ILNAS

Overall, the objectives are to make standards available to the national market, raise awareness on the use of technical standards, promote active participation in the development and publication of standards drafts, enhance Luxembourg's international visibility in standardization, and develop strong links between standardization, scientific research and education.

1.3.2 ANEC GIE

ANEC GIE (*Agence pour la normalisation et l'économie de la connaissance*) is an economic interest group whose partners are the ministry of the Economy, the Chamber of Skilled Trades and Crafts and the Chamber of Commerce. One of its main roles is to support ILNAS in its standardization missions. In particular, it implements the [Policy on ICT Technical Standardization \(2026-2030\)](#). In practice, this entails pursuing the following activities:

- Regularly informing the national market of the latest technical standardization developments.
- Actively promoting the use of standards and the benefits of participating in the standards development process.
- Animating trainings on technical standardization in relation to technologies of interest.
- Participating in national mirror committees for certain international technical committees.
- Supporting ILNAS in the production of national deliverables, such as white papers, national technical standardization reports, topic-specific standards' analyses, etc.
- Supporting ILNAS in its efforts to strengthen the ties between technical standardization, scientific research, education, and innovation, namely through [research programs between ILNAS and the University of Luxembourg](#), and participation in the MTECH Master's degree ([Technopreneurship: mastering smart ICT, standardisation and digital trust for enabling next generation of ICT solutions](#)).

2 ICT SUBSECTORS DEFINITION

This section defines the subsectors of ICT used to classify the technical standardization committees that are included in this Standards Analysis. Twenty subsectors are listed, in connection with European and national standardization policy objectives for the ICT sector as well as main potential areas of interest of the national stakeholders. For the sake of alignment with the standardization priorities of the European Union in support of the digital single market, this classification is inspired by [the European Commission's Rolling Plan for ICT standardisation](#).

Indeed, the Rolling Plan (RP) is drafted by the European Commission in collaboration with the European Multi-Stakeholder Platform (MSP) on ICT Standardisation, in which ILNAS is the representative of Luxembourg. It is updated annually and lists all the topics identified as EU policy priorities where standardization, standards, or ICT technical specifications ought to play a key role in the implementation of the policy.

How these subsectors relate to the five major thematic areas identified in the RP is indicated. However, note that the mapping is not absolutely identical. This is mainly due to the fact that in the RP, technical committees may appear in multiple thematic areas, whereas they only appear once in the classification of this Standards Analysis.

KEY RP THEME	SUBSECTOR	DESCRIPTION
FOUNDATIONAL DRIVERS	Data Economy, Cloud and Edge	The data economy is an ecosystem in which data is gathered, organized and exchanged by socio-economic actors in order to derive value from the gathered information. A variety of sources including sensors, social media, search engines, Internet of Things (IoT) devices can act as providers of data, which is then further stored in data centers (or in clouds) and made available for individuals or businesses to access for their benefit. Cloud Computing is an IT paradigm that enables ubiquitous access to shared pools of services and system resources, which can be rapidly provisioned with minimal management effort over the Internet. Cloud Computing has enabled considerable new potential and changed the way business processes are addressed. It also permits new kinds of technologies to emerge. For example, it can provide the power necessary to store and process large volumes of data, as well as the connectivity and management infrastructure for the IoT. The emergence of IoT and 5G has raised the need to reduce latency for easy and fast communication between devices. Edge computing is a method of optimizing Cloud Computing systems by performing analytics at or near the data source. It consists of reducing the communication bandwidth required between the sensors and the central data center. This approach leverages resources that might not be continually needed to be connected to a network such as smartphones, laptops, tablets, and sensors.

KEY RP THEME	SUBSECTOR	DESCRIPTION
FOUNDATIONAL DRIVERS	Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy Protection	Trust is essential in ICT and it is transversal to the sector in almost any aspect of hardware and software, ranging from consumer devices and equipment to service providers and data protection. Digital Trust in ICT has to deal not only with purely technical problems but also with social aspects and constraints that have to be addressed in a technical manner. Subtopics that are covered in this subsector include cybersecurity, information and network security, trustworthiness and privacy protection.
	Governance of IT	Corporate governance involves a set of relationships between a company's management, its board, its shareholders, and other stakeholders. Corporate governance also provides the structure through which the objectives of the company are set, and the means of attaining those objectives and monitoring performance are determined. The governance of IT is thus a component or a subset of organization governance, which is one key element in improving economic efficiency and growth as well as enhancing investors' confidence. Governance of IT can be defined as the system by which the current and future use of IT is directed and controlled.
KEY ENABLERS	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunications	Telecommunications refers to the theory and techniques of the transmission of signals by electromagnetic or electronic means. The telecommunications and networking subsector covers any transmission, emission or reception of signs, signals, writing, images, and sounds or intelligence of any nature by wire, radio, optical or other electromagnetic systems. Emergency telecommunications consider the specificity of data, video and text communications in the context of emergency situations and the raising of alerts. With the growing need of high-speed connectivity, lower latency, cheaper cost, and network optimization across businesses, the telecommunications sector demands the use of new concepts, for example, a new generation of mobile communications or Automatic identification and data capture techniques (such as RFID).
	Internet of Things	The Internet of Things (IoT) refers to an emerging paradigm consisting of a continuum of uniquely addressable things communicating with each other to form worldwide dynamic networks. It could be also represented as a network of uniquely identifiable connected devices such as objects, devices, sensors, and everyday items with computing services, which describes a world where anything can be connected and can interact in an intelligent fashion. Many services can be envisioned as a result of many objects playing an active role thanks to their connection to the Internet: real-time traffic updates, building automation and controls, automatic energy management, intelligent shopping applications, vehicle auto-diagnosis, assistance for elderly or disabled people to help them living independently, etc. The IoT is highly interrelated to other ICT areas like Sensor Networks or Machine-to-Machine (M2M) communications.

KEY RP THEME	SUBSECTOR	DESCRIPTION
KEY ENABLERS	Electronic Identification and Trust Services, Including e-Signatures	In an ever-more connected world, the reliance on digital services is naturally taking a larger and larger part in daily life. Thus, techniques need to be developed and improved to design and implement secure and efficient means of electronic identification of entities, be these organizations, objects or individuals. An appropriate level of security must also be endowed to the binding of a real-world identity to its digital representation, depending on the criticality of the services accessed.
	Accessibility of ICT Products and Services	Accessibility is a quality of being easy to approach, use, and understand. A lack of accessibility may lead to a certain degree of marginalization of some categories of users. Standard guidance can increase the quality of the interaction between systems (often computer-based) and the people who use and operate them. With respect to digital tools, improving accessibility can translate into hardware ergonomics, software ergonomics, human-centered design and appropriate user-system interfaces.
	Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality	Artificial Intelligence (AI) refers to the ability of a computer or a computer-enabled robotic system to process information and produce outcomes in a manner similar to the thought process of humans in learning, decision-making, and problem-solving. AI can be understood as a set of techniques aimed at approximating some aspects of human or animal cognition using machines. Big Data can be defined as technologies and techniques that a company can employ to analyze large-scale, complex data for various applications intended to augment performance in various dimensions. It is defined in ISO/IEC 20546:2019 Information technology -- Big data -- Overview and vocabulary as "Data set(s) with characteristics (e.g. volume, velocity, variety, variability, veracity, etc.) that for a particular problem domain at a given point in time cannot be efficiently processed using current/existing/established/traditional technologies and techniques in order to extract value".
	Software and Programming Languages	A program is a set of instructions that help a machine or computer to function automatically and software is a set of programs combined to execute a specific task. Users can choose specific programming languages and software; they are now ubiquitous and extremely important elements in almost any technology-based system. This subsector covers guidelines of commonly accepted processes and supporting tools for the engineering of software products or systems.
	Quantum Technologies	Quantum information technology leverages the principles of quantum mechanics to process, store, and transmit information. It encompasses several subfields, such as quantum computing, quantum simulation, quantum key distribution, quantum cryptography, and quantum communication, all of which have significant potential for solving some of the most challenging problems in science and technology.

KEY RP THEME	SUBSECTOR	DESCRIPTION
SOCIETAL CHALLENGES	E-Health, Healthy Living and Aging	E-Health refers to the combined use of electronic communication and information technology in the health sector to enable better health and healthcare. It comprises technologies and guidelines in the field of health informatics, to facilitate capture, interchange, and use of health-related data, information, and knowledge, to support and enable all aspects of an overall healthcare system. Similarly, new technologies can be used to support the healthy mode of living (e.g.: personal health monitoring applications) and/or improve the living conditions of the elderly and people with disabilities.
	Education, Digital Skills, and Digital Learning	This subsector includes accepted methods and guidelines in the field of information technologies for learning, education, and training to support individuals, groups, or organizations, and to enable interoperability and reusability of resources and tools as well as to define a common language for professional digital and ICT competences, skills and knowledge applied across domains.
INNOVATION FOR THE DIGITAL SINGLE MARKET	Fintech	Fintech, or Financial Technologies, are essentially ICT techniques as applied to the world of finance. It is currently a topic at the top of the agenda in Luxembourg since Fintech are foreseen to rethink the traditional financial sector by exploiting the potential of new technologies.
	Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technologies	A blockchain is a distributed and shared digital ledger that records all transactions that take place in a nearly-immutable, trust-spreading way. The ledger is decentralized in the sense that the database is replicated across many participants/nodes in the network, who collaborate via a consensus mechanism to create, make evolve and to keep track of records. Blockchains, and more generally distributed ledger technologies, are being considered nowadays to provide decentralized trust in many different fields, such as digital currencies, supply chains, and others.
SUSTAINABLE GROWTH	Smart Grids and Smart Metering, Efficient Energy Use	ICT is increasingly used in the energy domain in order to automate and optimize the production and distribution of energy, allowing on one hand to better synchronize the demand and supply between consumers and producers and on the other hand to improve the stability and availability of energy. The primary objective of this subsector is to manage energy production and distribution efficiently. It notably covers the design and operation of smart meters and smart grids.
	ICT Environmental Impact, Green ICT and Sustainability	It is a recognized fact that <i>"ICT is currently one of the fastest growing greenhouse gas-emitting and energy management sectors"</i> ⁷ . Green ICT focuses on the ability to reduce the environmental impact of IT (hardware and software) throughout its life cycle, for instance addressing waste associated with the use of hardware and software and energy consumption. It also involves the development and use of information systems that reduce the environmental impact (e.g.: energy savings) of products and services that require IT.

⁷ [Rolling Plan for ICT standardisation 2024 - ICT Environmental Impact](#)

KEY RP THEME	SUBSECTOR	DESCRIPTION
SUSTAINABLE GROWTH	Smart Cities and Communities	A smart city refers to a “community infrastructure with enhanced technological performance that is designed, operated, and maintained to contribute to sustainable development and resilience of the community” ⁸ . It has many dimensions and encompasses many economic sectors and technologies. Different dimensions are proposed for a smart city (e.g.: smart economy, smart mobility, smart environment, smart buildings, smart people, etc.). In this frame, one can consider a smart city as a system of systems, meaning it is a complex construct that requires the development of many other technologies (e.g.: Internet of Things, Big Data, Intelligent Transport Systems, etc.).
	Intelligent Transport Systems	Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS) are “transport systems in which advanced information, communication, sensor, and control technologies, including the Internet, are applied to increase safety, sustainability, efficiency, and comfort” ⁹ . This subsector can significantly contribute to cleaner, safer, and more efficient transport systems. The most significant benefits from ITS are: minimizing the impact of traffic on the environment, improving energy efficiency and decreasing dependency on fossil fuels; reducing congestion and optimizing the use of existing infrastructure; encouraging the use of environment-friendly transport modes; improving traffic safety and security; increasing convenience of transport ¹⁰ .
	Digitization of European Industry: Smart Manufacturing	The use of digital technologies to transform business has been among top targets and objectives set by the European Commission for 2019-2024 period. European Industry and manufacturing have been considered as important application areas for digitalization. Smart Manufacturing aims at creating smart systems using modernization trends in the manufacturing environment. It corresponds to the use of smart ICT systems to transform the manufacturing environment, intending to maximize energy efficiency and productivity. Touching upon many technologies, it is an umbrella subsector which includes additive manufacturing (3D printing), automation processes and remote control of physical devices in the industrial context.
	Robotics and Autonomous Systems	“Robotics is the science and practice of designing, manufacturing, and applying robots, which are programmed actuated mechanism with a degree of autonomy to perform locomotion, manipulation or positioning” ¹¹ . Other examples of autonomous systems include autonomous vehicles and UAVs (unmanned aerial vehicles). With the increasing role of AI, more and more objects and processes gain some level of autonomy. Since robots and other autonomous systems operate in environments that often include human presence, an important place is dedicated to the standardization of their safety.

⁸ [ISO/TS 37151:2015, Smart community infrastructures -- Principles and requirements for performance metrics](#)

⁹ [ISO 17465-1:2014, Intelligent transport systems -- Cooperative ITS -- Part 1: Terms and definitions](#)

¹⁰ [CEN/TC 278 website](#)

¹¹ Based on the definitions provided in [ISO 8373:2021, Robotics — Vocabulary](#)

3 ICT STANDARDIZATION REQUESTS

This section explains how technical standardization supports the implementation of European legislation through the development of harmonised standards requested by the European Commission. It provides an overview of the relevant technical committees responsible for developing these standards, helping national stakeholders identify standardization activities and projects that may directly affect their products, services, or regulatory obligations. Moreover, participation in these technical committees offers them a valuable opportunity to monitor future compliance requirements and contribute technical expertise to the standards that will shape the practical application of European legislation.

Harmonised standards are developed through a collaborative process between the European Commission and the European Standardization Organizations (CEN, CENELEC and ETSI). First, the European Commission issues a standardization request (SReq) identifying the technical requirements needed to support specific EU legislation.

The relevant standards body then assigns the work to a technical committee composed of experts from industry, public authorities, consumer organizations, academia and other stakeholders. The draft standard is developed through consensus, followed by public consultation and voting by the national standards bodies of the EU and EFTA countries.

Once approved, the European Standard (EN) is adopted nationally, and any conflicting national standards are withdrawn. For a standard to become a harmonised standard, the European Commission assesses whether it satisfies the requirements of the legislation and, if successful, publishes its reference in the Official Journal of the European Union (OJEU).

From that moment, manufacturers can voluntarily apply the harmonised standard to benefit from a presumption of conformity with the corresponding legal requirements.

SReq	LEGISLATION(S)	SUBJECT(S)	RELEVANT TECHNICAL COMMITTEES IN THE ANS
<u>M/536</u>	- 2014/53/EU - Radio Equipment (RED)	Radio Equipment	- <u>CEN/CLC/JTC 13 - Cybersecurity and data protection</u>
<u>M/587</u>	- 2016/2102/EU - Accessibility of the websites and mobile applications of public sector bodies - 2019/882 - Accessibility Act	Accessibility requirements of products and services	- <u>CEN/CLC/ETSI JWG eAcc - eAccessibility</u> - <u>ETSI/TC HF - Human Factors</u> - <u>ETSI/TC EMTEL - Emergency Telecommunications</u>
<u>M/604</u>	- 2024/1781 - Ecodesign requirements for sustainable products (ESPR framework and DPP)	Digital Product Passport, Ecodesign requirements for sustainable products and on batteries and waste batteries	- <u>CEN/CLC/JTC 24 - Digital Product Passport - Framework and System</u> - <u>ETSI/TC EE - Environmental Engineering</u>
<u>M/606</u>	- 2024/2847 - Cyber Resilience Act (CRA)	Cyber security of products with digital elements	- <u>CEN/CLC/JTC 13 - Cybersecurity and data protection</u> - <u>CEN/TC 224 - Personal identification and related personal devices with secure element</u>

SReq	LEGISLATION(S)	SUBJECT(S)	RELEVANT TECHNICAL COMMITTEES IN THE ANS
			systems, operations and privacy in a multi sectorial environment - CLC/TC 47X - Semiconductors and Trusted Chips Implementation - CLC/TC 65X - Industrial-process measurement, control and automation - ETSI/TC CYBER - Cyber Security
M/608	- 2023/1669 - Ecodesign - Smartphones, mobile phones, cordless phones and slate tablets - 2023/1670 - Energy labelling - Smartphones and slate tablets	Ecodesign requirements for smartphones, mobile phones other than smartphones, cordless phones and slate tablets	- ETSI/TC EE - Environmental Engineering
M/613	- 2024/1689 - Artificial intelligence (AI)	Essential requirements for high-risk AI systems	- CEN/CLC/JTC 21 - Artificial Intelligence
M/614	- 2023/2854 - Data Act	European Trusted Data Framework.	- CEN/CLC JTC 25 - Data management, Dataspaces, Cloud and Edge - ETSI/TC DATA – Data Solutions
M/621	- 2014/55/EU - Electronic Invoicing	Electronic invoicing	- CEN/TC 434 - Electronic Invoicing

4 ICT SECTOR STANDARDS WATCH

The objective of this Standards Analysis “ICT Sector Luxembourg” is to facilitate the involvement the national stakeholders in the technical standardization process. To achieve this goal, this chapter regroups, according to the classification proposed in Chapter 2, the different relevant ICT technical standardization committees. This chapter mainly focuses on ISO, IEC, CEN, CENELEC, and ETSI.

4.1 Data Economy, Cloud and Edge computing

ILNAS/NSC 05 CLOUD AND DATA				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2025	Secretariat	ILNAS	
Chairperson	N/A	Secretary	N/A	
Scope	Standardization in the field of Data and Cloud Computing.			
Structure	TBD			
Webpage	-			
NATIONAL MEMBERS				
Involvement and Organizations	7 national delegates			
	ANEC GIE, CA Indosuez S.A., Datai S.à.r.l., ITTM, Rejustify S.à.r.l., Université du Luxembourg			
COMMENTS				
The National Standardization Commission (NSC) 05 “Cloud and Data” is mirroring the work of the European and international technical committees related to data and cloud computing, particularly those relevant in the context of the European data strategy (CEN/CLC JTC 25, ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 38).				

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 38 CLOUD COMPUTING AND DISTRIBUTED PLATFORMS				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2009	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)	
Chairperson	Dr. Anish Karmarkar	Committee Manager	Mr. Bill Ash	
Scope	Standardization in the areas of Cloud Computing and Distributed Platforms including: - Foundational concepts and technologies; - Operational issues; - Interactions among Cloud Computing systems and with other distributed systems. SC 38 serves as the focus, proponent, and systems integration entity on Cloud Computing, Distributed Platforms, and the application of these technologies. SC 38 provides guidance to JTC 1, IEC, ISO and other entities developing standards in these areas.			
Structure	AG 1 Stakeholder engagement AG 2 JTC 1/SC 38 Officers group AG 5 Long-term strategy AG 6 Collaboration with CEN-CENELEC/JTC 25 CAG 1 Chair's Advisory group CG 1 Liaison coordination group for JTC 1/SC 27 CG 2 Liaison coordination group for JTC 1/SC 41 CG 3 Liaison coordination group for JTC 1/SC 42 CG 4 Liaison coordination group for JTC 1/SC 7 CG 5 Liaison coordination group for JTC 1/WG 13 WG 3 Fundamentals WG 5 Stakeholders considerations WG 6 Data, interoperability and portability			

Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/601355.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	33	Projects	15
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	30 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	25 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	<i><u>Note:</u> National participation in ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 38 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 05 "Cloud and Data", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		

CEN/CLC JTC 25 DATA MANAGEMENT, DATASPACE, CLOUD AND EDGE



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2024	Secretariat	UNI (Italy)
Chairperson	Mr. Dipl.-Inf. Sebastian Steinbuß	Secretary	Ms. Helen Carnevale
Scope	Standardisation in the area of data management, dataspaces, cloud and edge, including: - data governance, data quality and data lifecycle management; - interoperability, portability and switch ability; - organizational frameworks and methodologies, including IT management systems; - processes and products evaluation schemes; - smart technology, objects, distributed computing devices, data services.		
Structure	WG 1 Advisory group WG 2 Dataspaces WG 3 Data management and governance WG 4 Cloud & Edge		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:3485479&cs=1EF27AE97B5DBDA9B990D3DAF8BD63366		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	4	Projects	10
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	<i><u>Note:</u> National participation in CEN/CLC JTC 25 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 05 "Cloud and Data", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		

ETSI/TC DATA DATA SOLUTIONS



GENERAL INFORMATION	
Creation date	2025
Chairperson	Mr. Diego Lopez
Scope	TC DATA develops deliverables to support the deployment and operation of distributed solutions for data collection, integration, sharing and management, including security and testing aspects. The distributed solutions considered by TC DATA include data infrastructures, data products, data access services, and application interfaces (APIs) in the ICT domain, to be used by machines and human beings, and their virtual representations. These solutions address the three dimensions of distributed data processing, i.e., Connectivity (data in transit), Storage (data at rest) and Compute (data in process). TC DATA is also committed to addressing European policy and regulatory requirements, including standardisation needs in the area of data interoperability, semantic interoperability, ontologies, and data governance. TC DATA also engages with other regulatory bodies to ensure that the output supports relevant global, regional, and national requirements.

	TC DATA is responsible for providing input on technical aspects of the ETSI responses to EU Standardization Requests and other government requests regarding data solutions. TC DATA also provides relevant technical content for ETSI deliverables related to the European Data Act and to the data-related aspects of the European AI Act. TC DATA cooperates with open-source initiatives relevant for the data domain standardization, including (but not limited to) relevant existing and future ETSI SDGs providing relevant reference implementations and interoperability testing specifications. TC DATA cooperates with other European and international standards organizations in the data solutions domain to avoid duplication of work and promote harmonization, through the use of partnership agreements.		
Structure	WG INFO	Semantic and Information Models	
	WG INFRA	Data Infrastructure	
	WG vPAS	Vertical Products, Applications and Services	
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/data/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	5	Projects	78
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2 CODED CHARACTER SETS				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)	
Chairperson	Mr. Masaru Takechi	Committee Manager	Ms. Ayuko Nagasawa	
Scope	Standardization of graphic character sets and their characteristics, including string ordering, associated control functions, their coded representation for information interchange and code extension techniques. Excluded: audio and picture coding.			
Structure	AHG 1 Work Process Review for ISO/IEC 10646 WG 2 Universal coded character set			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45050.html			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	50	Projects	1	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
P-Members	22 participating members			
O-Members	28 observing members			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)			

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 23 DIGITALLY RECORDED MEDIA FOR INFORMATION INTERCHANGE AND STORAGE			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Mr. Shoji Taniguchi	Committee Manager	Ms. Ayuko Nagasawa
Scope	Standardization in the field of removable digital storage media utilizing optical, holographic and magnetic recording technologies, and flash memory technologies for digital information interchange, including: - algorithms for the lossless compression of data; - volume and file structure; - methods for determining the life expectancy of digital storage media; - methods for error monitoring of digital storage media.		
Structure	AHG 1 Definition and characteristics of pseudo single-level cell operation in multi-bit flash memory		

Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45240.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	84	Projects	4
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	7 participating members		
O-Members	20 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 31 AUTOMATIC IDENTIFICATION AND DATA CAPTURE TECHNIQUES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1996	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Henri Barthel	Committee Manager	Mr. Eddy Merrill
Scope	Standardization of data formats, data syntax, data structures, data encoding, and technologies for the process of automatic identification and data capture and of associated devices utilized in inter-industry applications and international business interchanges and for mobile applications.		
Structure	AHG 1 Coordination with European activities on DPP RMG Registration management group WG 1 Data carrier WG 2 Data and structure WG 4 Radio communications WG 8 Application of AIDC standards		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45332.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	140	Projects	15
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	27 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	25 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	5 national delegates ANEC GIE, DuPont de Nemours Luxembourg S.à r.l., INCERT GIE		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 32 DATA MANAGEMENT AND INTERCHANGE



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1997	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Karl Schendel	Committee Manager	Mr. Bill Ash
Scope	Standards for data management within and among local and distributed information systems environments. SC 32 provides enabling technologies to promote harmonization of data management facilities across sector-specific areas. Specifically, SC 32 standards include: - Reference models and frameworks for the coordination of existing and emerging standards; - Definition of data domains, data types and data structures, and their associated semantics; - Languages, services and protocols for persistent storage, concurrent access, concurrent update and interchange of data; - Methods, languages, services, and protocols to structure, organize, and register metadata and other information resources associated with sharing and interoperability, including electronic commerce.		

Structure	WG 1	eBusiness
	WG 2	MetaData
	WG 3	Database language
	WG 6	Data usage
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45342.html	
STANDARDIZATION WORK		
Published standards	116	Projects44
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT		
P-Members	17 participating members	
O-Members	27 observing members (including Luxembourg)	
Luxembourg's involvement	4 national delegates	
ANEC GIE, Reijstify S.à.r.l., Université du Luxembourg		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 34 DOCUMENT DESCRIPTION AND PROCESSING LANGUAGES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1998	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Mr. Francis Cave	Committee Manager	Ms. Ayuko Nagasawa
Scope	Standardization in the field of document structures, languages and related facilities for the description and processing of compound and hypermedia documents, including: - languages for describing document logical structures and their support facilities; - languages for describing document-like objects in web environments facilities; - document processing architecture and formatting for logical documents facilities; - languages for describing interactive documents facilities; - multilingual font information interchange and related services facilities; - final-form document architecture and page information interchange facilities; - hypermedia document structuring language and application resources facilities; - API's for document processing.		
Structure	AHG 1 Continuously Scrollable Comics (CSC) format for packaging and protection JWG 7 Joint JTC 1/SC 34 – TC 46/SC 4/WG: EPUB WG 4 Office Open XML WG 6 OpenDocument Format WG 9 Document semantics support WG 10 Schematron		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45374.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	76	Projects	5
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	14 participating members		
O-Members	37 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/TC 46/SC 11 ARCHIVES/RECORDS MANAGEMENT



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1998	Secretariat	SA (Australia)
Chairperson	Ms. Michelle Tolliday	Committee Manager	Mr. Saim Riaz
Description	Standardization of principles for the creation and management of documents, records and archives as evidence of transactions and covering all media including digital multimedia and paper.		

Structure	AG 1	Strategic decisions		
	AHG 7	Records management		
	AHG 9	Digital preservation		
	AHG 10	Liaison relationships		
	JWG 1	Joint ISO/TC 46/SC 11 - ISO/TC 307 WG: Blockchain		
	WG 1	Metadata		
	WG 8	Management systems for records		
	WG 20	Records management capability assessment model		
	WG 21	Disposition		
	WG 22	Records management and AI		
	Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee:			
	ISO/TC 42/JWG 26	Joint ISO/TC 42-TC 46/SC 11-TC 171 WG: Imaging system capability qualification for archival recording and approval		
	ISO/TC 171/SC 2/WG 5	Joint TC 171/SC 2-TC 42-TC 46/SC 11-TC 130 WG: Document management applications-Application issues - PDF/A		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/48856.html			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	24		Projects	8
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
P-Members	38 participating members (including Luxembourg)			
O-Members	15 observing members			
Luxembourg's involvement	6 national delegates			
	Archives nationales, Centre des Technologies de l'Information de l'Etat, ILNAS, Linklaters LLP			

CEN/TC 468 PRESERVATION OF DIGITAL INFORMATION



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2020	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Ms. Séverine Denys	Secretary	M. Anatole Bouvier D'Yvoire
Scope	Standardization of the functional and technical aspects of the preservation of digital information. In this field, the committee will develop a structured set of standards, specifications and reports, addressing business requirements, including compliance with the European legislative and regulatory framework (e.g. GDPR, eidos). This includes the following issues:		
	- Maintenance of characteristics (integrity, authenticity, reliability, usability etc.) of digital information during its life cycle; - Design, implementation and management of preservation systems processes (availability, confidentiality, etc.); - Audit and quality control procedures for the preservation of digital information; - Interoperability and information exchange between systems and services; - Procedures and processes supporting legal admissibility. The committee will not develop any document that overlaps or substitutes published international or European standards, such as those developed by ISO/TC 46, ISO/TC 171, ISO/TC 20/SC 13, and ETSI. It will liaise with these committees to avoid any overlapping in the future. Products in the scope of CEN/TC 457 "Digital preservation of cinematographic works" are excluded from the scope.		
Structure	WG 1 General concepts for preservation of digital information		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:2878378&cs=16FD02B1BC3FC316038CE4FFC2E0C3888		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	1	Projects	2

INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT	
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates Archives nationales de Luxembourg, Numen Europe S.A.

4.2 Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information Security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy Protection

ILNAS/NSC 01 CYBERSECURITY				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2021	Secretariat	ILNAS	
Chairperson	Mr. Carlo Harpes (Chair) Mr. Johann Amsenga (Vice-Chair)	Secretary	N/A	
Scope	Standardization in the field of Quantum Technologies			
Structure	WG 1 Cybersecurity management systems			
	WG 2 Cryptography and security mechanisms			
	WG 3 Security evaluation, testing and specification			
	WG 4 Cybersecurity controls and services			
	WG 5 Data protection, privacy and identity management			
	WG 6 Product security			
	WG 7 Trustworthiness			
Webpage	-			
NATIONAL MEMBERS				
Involvement and Organizations	32 national delegates			
	ANEC GIE, CA Indosuez S.A., Centre des Technologies de l'Information de l'Etat, CERTI-TRUST Interdigicert Europe S.A., Data & AI Services S.à.r.l., ILNAS, INCERT GIE, Inspection du Travail et des Mines, itrust consulting S. à r.l., , Just.Data.Lawgic., KYC3 S.à r.l., Luxcontrol A.s.b.l., Luxembourg Institute of Science and Technology (LIST), LxCDM S.à.r.l., Starion Luxembourg S.A., Université du Luxembourg			
COMMENTS				
The National Standardization Commission (NSC) 01 “Cybersecurity” is mirroring the work of the European and international technical committees related to Cybersecurity and data privacy (ISO/IEC JTC 1/WG 13, ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 27 and CEN/CLC JTC 13).				

ISO/IEC JTC 1/WG 13 TRUSTWORTHINESS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2019	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Convenor	Mr. Johann Amsenga	Secretary	N/A
Scope	Terms of reference:		
	- Serve as the focus and proponent for JTC 1s trustworthiness standardization program;		
	- Develop standards for trustworthiness including foundational standards such as frameworks and ontologies for guiding trustworthiness efforts throughout JTC 1 and upon which other standards can be developed;		
	- Identify gaps in trustworthiness standardization for consideration in proposing potential new work for the relevant JTC 1 subgroups;		
	- Identify JTC 1, ISO, IEC and external organization entities that are developing standards and related materials that contribute to trustworthiness and for each entity investigate ongoing and potential new work;		
	- Develop and maintain a list of existing trustworthiness standards produced and standards development projects underway within JTC 1.		
	STANDARDIZATION WORK		
Published standards	1	Projects	2

NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	<i>Note: National participation in ISO/IEC JTC 1/WG 13 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 01 "Cybersecurity", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		
ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 27 INFORMATION SECURITY, CYBERSECURITY AND PRIVACY PROTECTION			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1989	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Dr. Andreas Wolf	Committee Manager	Mr. Sobhi Mahmoud
Scope	The development of standards for the protection of information and ICT. This includes generic methods, techniques and guidelines to address both security and privacy aspects, such as: - Security requirements capture methodology; - Management of information and ICT security; in particular, information security management systems, security processes, and security controls and services; - Cryptographic and other security mechanisms, including but not limited to mechanisms for protecting the accountability, availability, integrity and confidentiality of information; - Security management support documentation including terminology, guidelines as well as procedures for the registration of security components; - Security aspects of identity management, biometrics and privacy; - Conformance assessment, accreditation and auditing requirements in the area of information security management systems; - Security evaluation criteria and methodology. SC 27 engages in active liaison and collaboration with appropriate bodies to ensure the proper development and application of SC 27 standards and technical reports in relevant areas.		
Structure	AG 2 Trustworthiness AG 3 Concepts and Terminology AG 5 Strategy AG 6 Operations AG 7 Communication and outreach (AG-CO) AG 8 Advisory Group on Conformity Assessment AG 9 Advisory Group on Diversity AHG 1 Resolution Drafting AHG 3 Security and privacy in AI and Big Data (BD) CAG Chair's Advisory Group JWG 7 Joint ISO/IEC JTC1/SC 27 - ISO/IEC JTC1/SC 37 Working group: Cybersecurity testing and evaluation of biometrics WG 1 Information security management systems WG 2 Cryptography and security mechanisms WG 3 Security evaluation, testing and specification WG 4 Security controls and services WG 5 Identity management and privacy technologies Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: ISO/TC 307/JWG 4 Joint ISO/TC 307 - ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 27 WG: Security, privacy and identity for Blockchain and DLT		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45306.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	257	Projects	72
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	55 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	39 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	<i>Note: National participation in ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 27 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 01 "Cybersecurity", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		

CEN/CLC/JTC 13 CYBERSECURITY AND DATA PROTECTION				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)	
Chairperson	Mr. Dr. Walter Fumy	Secretary	Mr. Martin Uhlherr	
Scope	Development of standards for cybersecurity and data protection covering all aspects of the evolving information society including but not limited to: - Management systems, frameworks, methodologies; - Data protection and privacy; - Services and products evaluation standards suitable for security assessment for large companies and small and medium enterprises (SMEs); - Competence requirements for cybersecurity and data protection; - Security requirements, services, techniques and guidelines for ICT systems, services, networks and devices, including smart objects and distributed computing devices. Included in the scope is the identification and possible adoption of documents already published or under development by ISO/IEC JTC 1 and other SDOs and international bodies such as ISO, IEC, ITU-T, and industrial fora. Where not being developed by other SDOs, the development of cybersecurity and data protection CEN/CENELEC publications for safeguarding information such as organizational frameworks, management systems, techniques, guidelines, and products and services, including those in support of the EU Digital Single Market.			
Structure	WG 1 Chair's advisory group WG 2 Management systems and controls sets WG 3 Security evaluation and assessment WG 5 Data Protection, Privacy and Identity Management WG 6 Product security WG 7 Adhoc group EU 5G Certification scheme support group WG 8 Special Working Group RED Standardization Request WG 9 Horizontal cybersecurity for products with digital elements WG 10 Cryptography			
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:2307986&cs=1BFE244DDA2A68D1B5C93795034A8DD05			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	57	Projects	28	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC			
Luxembourg's involvement	<i>Note: National participation in CEN/CLC JTC 13 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 01 "Cybersecurity", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>			

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 44 CONSUMER PROTECTION IN THE FIELD OF PRIVACY BY DESIGN			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2025	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)
Chairperson	Mr. Jan Schallaboeck	Committee Manager	Ms. Jean Stride
Scope	Standardization of consumer protection in the field of privacy by design for products, goods and services, including their data lifecycles.		
Structure	AG 2 Communication group AHG 1 Ad hoc group CAG Advisory group WG 1 High level requirements and foundational concepts		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/10778243.html		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	2	Projects	1
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	29 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	9 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates ANEC GIE, ILNAS		

CEN/TC 225 AIDC TECHNOLOGIES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1989	Secretariat	TSE (Turkey)
Chairperson	Mr. Claude Tételin	Secretary	Ms. Aysegül Ibrsim
Scope	Standardization of data carriers for automatic identification and data capture, of the data element architecture therefore, of the necessary test specifications and of technical features for the harmonization of cross-sector applications. Establishment of an appropriate system of registration authorities, and of means to ensure the necessary maintenance of standards.		
Structure	WG 4 Automatic ID applications		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:6206&cs=1240DAEEB0C84DB1308ED97479093BF29		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	30	Projects	0
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate The Luxembourg Bankers' Association ASBL		

CLC/TC 47X SEMICONDUCTORS AND TRUSTED CHIPS IMPLEMENTATION



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2023	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Mr. Uwe Rüddenklau	Secretary	Mr. Gérard Mas
Scope	The CLC/TC 47X 'Semiconductor device and trusted chips' fostering the development and use of trustworthy semiconductor devices for microelectronics and embedded systems in the European Union. TC 47X aims to establish a common framework in accordance with environmentally good practices for the design, manufacture, and use of semiconductor devices and trusted chips, with a focus on improving security, privacy, and resilience against cyber-attacks. The TC 47X is part of a broader effort by the European Union to improve cybersecurity and protect critical infrastructure against cyber threats. The TC 47X will: - Provide the necessary infrastructure to the European industry and experts to discuss the related future standardization activities. - Adopt the relevant standards developed by IEC/TC 47 and its subcommittees, as per the provisions of the Frankfurt Agreement. - Address the standardization gaps identified by TC 47X and liaisons partners or a future European standardization roadmap. - Develop European standards in response to the relevant standardization requests prepared by the European Commission (e.g. in support of the European Chips Act), particularly in terms of chips security, traceability and trustworthiness. - Seeks to establish a compliance process to develop chips safely, enabling consumers and businesses to identify and choose products that meet scalable security standards.		

Structure	WG 1	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers with security related functionalities		
	WG 2	Tamper resistant Microprocessors and Microcontrollers		
	WG 3	SmartCards and Secure Element Platforms		
	WG 4	ASIC and FPGA with security-related functionalities		
	WG CRA	TC47X - CRA		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=305:7::25::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:3289823&cs=1B76165BAA00C4ED3ACB505D40C459D08			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	193		Projects	38
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)			

ETSI/TC CYBER CYBER SECURITY



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2014		
Chairperson	Mr. Alex Leadbeater		
Scope	The activities of ETSI TC CYBER include the following broad areas: Cyber Security; Security of infrastructures, devices, services and protocols; Security advice, guidance and operational security requirements to users, manufacturers and network and infrastructure operators; Security tools and techniques; Provision of security mechanisms to protect privacy; Creation of security specifications and alignment with work done in other TCs.		
Structure	WG QSC Quantum-Safe Cryptography WG EUSR EU Standardization Request		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/cyber/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	164	Projects	59
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	5 national ETSI Members		

ETSI/TC SET SECURE ELEMENT TECHNOLOGIES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A		
Chairperson	Mr. Heiko Kruse		
Scope	The main responsibilities of TC SET are: development and maintenance of specifications for Secure Elements in a multi-application capable environment, the integration into such an environment, as well as the secure provisioning of services making use of such Secure Elements. The work of TC SET includes the development and maintenance of specifications for the SE and its interface to the outside world for use in telecommunication systems, for general telecommunication purposes as well as for Machine-to-Machine (M2M)/Internet of Things (IoT) communications. The committee's work comprises the interface, procedures and protocol specifications between the SE and entities (remote or local) used in its management. It also includes interfaces, procedures and protocol specifications used between such entities for the secure provisioning and operation of services making use of the SE; maintenance of mobile commerce specifications of the former EP M-COMM.		
Structure	WG REQ Requirements Working Group WG TEC Technical Working Group WG TEST Working Group "TEST"		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/set/		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	1054	Projects	8
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national ETSI Member		

4.3 Governance of IT

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 40 IT SERVICE MANAGEMENT AND IT GOVERNANCE				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2013	Secretariat	SA (Australia)	
Chairperson	Ms. Patricia Kenyon	Committee Manager	Ms. Kylie Schumacher	
Scope	Standardization in: - Governance of IT - Governance of data - IT service management - IT enabled services - business process outsourcing Serving as the focal point in these areas, SC 40 communicates, co-operates and collaborates with relevant committees (such as cybersecurity and privacy), external bodies and other stakeholders on topics of mutual interest.			
Structure	AG 2 Communication management CAG 1 Chair's Advisory Group WG 1 Governance of Information Technology WG 2 Service management – Information technology WG 3 IT-enabled services / Business process outsourcing			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/5013818.html			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	33	Projects	8	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
P-Members	37 participating members (including Luxembourg)			
O-Members	27 observing members			
Luxembourg's involvement	8 national delegates CA Indosuez S.A., J.P. Morgan S.A., Luxembourg Institute of Science and Technology (LIST), SOLVERSX S.A., Tarkett S.A., Université du Luxembourg, Value Partners S.A.			

4.4 Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunications

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 6 TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION EXCHANGE BETWEEN SYSTEMS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1988	Secretariat	KATS (Republic of Korea)
Chairperson	Mr. Shin Gak Kang	Committee Manager	Ms. Se Jin Kim
Scope	Standardization in the field of telecommunications dealing with the exchange of information between open systems, including system functions, procedures, parameters as well as the conditions for their use. This standardization encompasses protocols and services of lower layers including physical, data link, network, and transport as well as those of upper layers including but not limited to Directory and ASN.1: MFAN, NFC, PLC, Future Networks and OID.		
Structure	AG 2 Concepts and terminology AG 4 MCS innovation AG 5 Operations AG 7 AI in communication and networking (AG-AICN) AHG 3 Promotions AHG 4 Best practices JWG 9 Joint Working Group ISO/IEC JTC1/SC6 - IEC TC124: Wearable suit area network (WSAN) WG 1 Physical and data link layers WG 7 Network, transport and future network WG 10 Directory, ASN.1 and Registration		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45072.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	421	Projects	28
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	18 participating members		
O-Members	37 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates ANEC GIE, INCERT GIE		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 25 INTERCONNECTION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY EQUIPMENT			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1990	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Matthias Fritsche	Committee Manager	Mr. Marco Peter
Scope	Standardization of microprocessor systems, interfaces, protocols, architectures and associated interconnecting media for information technology equipment and networks to support embedded and distributed computing environments, storage systems and other input/output components. Standards for home and building electronic systems in residential and commercial environments to support interworking devices (IoT-related) and applications such as energy management, environmental control, lighting, and security. Cabling system standards for information and communication technology (ICT), in all types of residential, commercial and industrial environments for the design, planning and installation, test procedures, automated infrastructure management systems and remote powering.		

	NOTE: JTC 1/SC 25 standards reference IEC standards for cables, waveguides and connectors.		
Structure	AG 6 Future work in SC 25 WG 1 Home electronic system WG 3 Customer Premises Cabling WG 5 Taxonomy and Terminology for Intelligent Homes JMT 1 Maintenance of ISO/IEC TS 11801-9903 linked to SC 46C, SC 48B Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: JWG 10 Industrial Cabling Managed by IEC/TC 65/SC 65C		
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7:217463427240360:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:3399,25		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	248	Projects	10
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	28 participating members		
O-Members	19 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ETSI/TC ATTM ACCESS, TERMINALS, TRANSMISSION, AND MULTIPLEXING			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A		
Chairperson	Mr. Dominique Roche		
Scope	The scope of Technical Committee (TC) ATTM addresses operational aspects of Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing including all aspects within the ETSI scope covering cabling, installations, implementation of network services, signal transmission, multiplexing and other forms of signal treatment up to digitalization in private and public domain, excluding those aspects that relate to Hybrid Fibre-Coaxial cable networks.		
Structure	WG AT2 Infrastructure, Physical Networks, and Communication Systems WG SDMC Sustainable Digital Multiservice Communities WG TG IC CG Task Group on Installation and Cabling WG TM 4 Fixed Radio Systems WG TM 6 Wireless Access Network Systems WG TM_mWT Fixed Radio Services		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/committee/1390-attm		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	156	Projects	14
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national ETSI Member <i>Dr. Olivier Ferveur – POST Luxembourg is Vice Chair of TC ATTM</i>		

ETSI/TC EMTEL EMERGENCY TELECOMMUNICATIONST		
GENERAL INFORMATION		
Creation date	2005	
Chairperson	Ms. Cristina Lumbreras	
Scope	The main objectives of TC EMTEL are: – to capture and consolidate the requirements from the relevant stakeholders; – to consider the appropriate scenarios including emergency communications: - o of individuals with authorities/organisations, - o between authorities/organisations, - o from authorities/organisations to the individuals, - o amongst individuals;	

	- to identify gaps where existing standards do not fulfil the requirements and provide specifications and standards to fill these gaps, without duplication of work in other ETSI committees and partnership projects, or request other ETSI TBs to provide specifications to fill these gaps; - to develop and maintain the Standards and other deliverables to support the development and implementation of emergency communications standardization within ETSI; - to provide requirements on issues of network security, network integrity, network behaviour in emergency situations, and emergency telecommunications needs in networks; - to coordinate work on emergency communications in ETSI with relevant external groups.		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/emtel/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	55	Projects	4
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national ETSI Member		

ETSI/TC INT CORE NETWORK AND INTEROPERABILITY TESTING				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	N/A			
Chairperson	Mr. Giulio Maggiore			
Scope	- Develop Core Network test specifications (interoperability, conformance, performance, security), based on, but not limited to, 3GPP specifications (including Virtual, Layered and Autonomic Networks); - Initiate and supervise interoperability events (such as Plugtests) related to Core Networks as well as other events (workshops and seminars); - Coordinate interoperability efforts with other organisations GSMA, IETF, OMA. - Endorse test specifications from/to other SDOs e.g. ITU-T.			
Structure	WG AI Autonomic Management and Control Intelligence for Self-Managed Fixed & Mobile Integrated Networks			
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/int/			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	263		Projects	14
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members			

ETSI/TC MSG MOBILE STANDARDS GROUP		
GENERAL INFORMATION		
Creation date	N/A	
Chairperson	Mr. Dominique Everaere	
Scope	The main responsibilities of ETSI TC MSG are: - Perform work regarding areas of activity as requested by mandates from the European Commission and all other tasks attributed to ETSI in support of European regulation of related systems; - Identify European Regulatory requirements on Cellular systems to be developed by 3GPP; - Develop Harmonised Standards covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the Radio Equipment Directive 2014/53/EU and related ETSI deliverables for GSM, IMT systems and technologies evolving therefrom. Close liaison should be	

	maintained with 3GPP, 3GPP2, IEEE and WiMAX Forum as well as related ETSI bodies which might be affected by the deliverables made by MSG; - Address issues relating to the transposition of 3GPP Technical Specifications and Technical Reports into ETSI Deliverables (noting that the transposition is performed by the ETSI Secretariat and is normally done without direct involvement of ETSI MSG); - Provide maintenance of the ETSI deliverables under its responsibility after publication and throughout their useful lifetime; - Avoid duplication of work in particular with 3GPP on the tasks described above; - Subcontract work as needed, e.g. to/by 3GPP.		
Structure	MSG TFES TC MSG / TC ERM Task Force for the production of Harmonised Standards under the RED for the IMT family		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/msg/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	145	Projects	14
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members		

4.5 Internet of Things

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 41 INTERNET OF THINGS AND DIGITAL TWIN			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	KATS (Republic of Korea)
Chairperson	Dr. Yong Jin Kim	Committee Manager	Ms. Jooran Lee
Scope	Standardization in the area of Internet of Things and Digital Twin, including their related technologies: - Serve as the focus and proponent for JTC 1's standardization programme on the Internet of Things and Digital Twin, including their related technologies; - Provide guidance to JTC 1, IEC, ISO and other entities developing Internet of Things and Digital Twin related applications.		
Structure	AG 6	JTC 1/SC 41 Advisory Group	
	AG 20	Sectorial Liaison Group (SLG 1) on Industrial sector	
	AG 21	Sectorial Liaison Group (SLG 2) on Utilities	
	AG 25	Use cases	
	AG 29	Liaison Coordination Group on Communication and Networking	
	AG 31	External liaisons collaboration	
	AG 35	Pattern Repository	
	ahG 14	Ad hoc group on Business Plan	
	ahG 34	IoT and Digital Twin Conformity Assessment and Quality Assurance	
	WG 3	IoT Foundational Standards	
	WG 4	IoT Interoperability	
	WG 5	IoT Applications	
	WG 6	Digital Twin	
	WG 7	Maritime, underwater IoT and Digital Twin applications	
	JAG 28	Terms of reference Managed by TC 65	
	Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee:		
JWG 17	System interface between industrial facilities and the smart grid Managed by TC 65		
JWG 24	IIoT applications in power systems management Managed by TC 57		
JWG 29	Industrial Automation Product Data Managed by TC 65		
JWG 32	Maritime and Underwater IoT Effects on Environment and Ecology linked to ISO/TC 43/SC 3		
JWG 33	Embodied IoT Systems linked to SyC BDC		
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:20486,25		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	54	Projects	42
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	33 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	10 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	9 national delegates		
ANEC GIE, ILNAS, INCERT GIE, Tarkett S.A., Université du Luxembourg			

ETSI/TC SMARTBAN SMART BODY AREA NETWORK			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A		
Chairperson	Mr. Lorenzo Mucchi		
Scope	The activities of TC SmartBAN include the: - standardisation activities in all relevant areas to and preparation of ETSI deliverables for the wireless Body Area Network for personal welfare; - close liaison with ETSI TC ERM, TC M2M, 3GPP and other relevant ETSI TBs; - co-ordination of Health ICT related requirements in order to produce a consistent set of ETSI deliverables and to undertake measures to efficiently continue and stimulate further Health ICT related work within ETSI; - provision of mechanisms for the effective liaison between ETSI TBs and with relevant external organisations such as SDOs, professionals from the areas of BAN applications, end-user representatives, local, national and regional Government Authorities, the European Commission, EU projects and Emergency Authorities/Organisations; - organisation of regular meetings/workshops with appropriate wireless Body Area Network for personal welfare stakeholders; - establishment of external relationships (and joint working groups) where and when ever needed, including co-operation with CONTINUA Alliance, Bluetooth SIG, CEN, CENELEC, ISO, HL7, IHE etc. Formal relationships will be established using the normal processes via the ETSI Secretariat (Partnerships).		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/smartban/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	16	Projects	9
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members		

4.6 Electronic Identification and Trust Services, Including e-Signatures

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 17 CARDS AND SECURITY DEVICES FOR PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)	
Chairperson	Mr Yih Lin	Committee Manager	Ms. Jean Stride	
Scope	The current area of work for JTC 1/SC 17 consists of: - Identification and related documents; - Cards; - Security devices and tokens; and interface associated with their use in inter-industry applications and international interchange.			
Structure	AG 1 Registration Management Group (RMG) AG 3 Digital wallets AHG 1 Dual-interface integrated circuit card module CAG 1 Chair's advisory group WG 1 Physical characteristics and test methods for ID-cards WG 3 Traveller identification WG 4 Generic interfaces and protocols for security devices WG 8 Integrated circuit cards without contacts WG 10 Motor vehicle driver licence and related documents WG 11 Application of biometrics to cards and personal identification WG 12 UAS license and Drone/UAS security module			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45144.html			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	137	Projects	28	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
P-Members	38 participating members (including Luxembourg)			
O-Members	22 observing members			
Luxembourg's involvement	3 national delegates INCERT GIE			

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 37 BIOMETRICS				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2002	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)	
Chairperson	Mr. Patrick Grother	Committee Manager	Ms. Michaela Miller	
Scope	Standardization of generic biometric technologies pertaining to human beings to support interoperability and data interchange among applications and systems. Generic human biometric standards include: common file frameworks; biometric application programming interfaces; biometric data interchange formats; related biometric profiles; application of evaluation criteria to biometric technologies; methodologies for performance testing and reporting and cross jurisdictional and societal aspects. Excluded is the work in ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 17 to apply biometric technologies to cards and personal identification. Excluded is the work in ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 27 for biometric data protections techniques, biometric security testing, evaluations and evaluations methodologies.			
Structure	AHG 1 Inclusive terminology in SC 37 standards WG 1 Harmonized biometric vocabulary WG 2 Biometric technical interfaces			

	WG 3 Biometric data interchange formats WG 4 Technical Implementation of Biometric Systems WG 5 Biometric testing and reporting WG 6 Cross-Jurisdictional and Societal Aspects of Biometrics <u>Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee</u> JWG 7 Joint ISO/IEC JTC1/SC 27 - ISO/IEC JTC1/SC 37 Working group : Cybersecurity testing and evaluation of biometrics		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/313770.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	145	Projects	27
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	35 participating members		
O-Members	20 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 224 PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION AND RELATED PERSONAL DEVICES WITH SECURE ELEMENT, SYSTEMS, OPERATIONS AND PRIVACY IN A MULTI SECTORIAL ENVIRONMENT			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1989	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Mr. Alban Feraud	Secretary	Ms. Aylin Kip
Scope	The development of standards for strengthening the interoperability, privacy and security of personal identification and its related personal devices, systems, software and operations in a multi sectorial environment, relating both to legal and natural persons. It includes digital identity wallets, personal identity data management, personal identity data storage, presentation and format, electronic identification and authentication, electronic signature, payment and charging, access and border control, biometric verification and identification. CEN/TC 224's multi-sectorial environment involves sectors such as government/citizen, transport, banking, e-health, relying parties making use of personal identity related data and services as well as consumers and providers from the supply side (e.g. card manufacturers, security technology, conformity assessment body, software manufacturers).		
Structure	WG 17 Protection Profiles in the context of SSCD WG 18 Biometrics WG 19 Breeder Documents WG 20 European Digital Identity Wallets		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:6205&cs=1E59B4D3EFD280E27AAC0C16CC13CD4FD		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	71	Projects	12
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	4 national delegates		
INCERT GIE			

ETSI/TC ESI ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES AND INFRASTRUCTURES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A		
Chairperson	Mr. Nick Pope		
Scope	TC ESI is responsible for standardization within ETSI supporting current and upcoming technology for Electronic Signatures and related services (e.g. registered electronic delivery, electronic seals) as well as trust service infrastructures supporting such services. This is aimed at supporting regulatory requirements such as the eIDAS Regulation as well as general commercial requirements. TC ESI is the lead body within ETSI in relation to electronic signatures, related services and trust service Infrastructures, to protect electronic transactions and ensure trust and confidence with business partners, including the preparation of reports and other necessary activities, by: - Developing generic standards, guides and reports; - Liaising with other ETSI bodies; - Liaising with bodies external to ETSI; - Establishing a continuing work plan.		
Structure	WG PQC Post Quantum Cryptography		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/esi/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	311	Projects	86
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	5 national ETSI Members <i>Mr. Jean-Emmanuel Perez Hernandez – Nowina Solutions is Chair of TC ESI/WG PQC</i>		

4.7 Accessibility of ICT Products and Services

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 35 USER INTERFACES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1998	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Dr. Alain Couillault	Committee Manager	Mr. Anatole Bouvier d'Yvoire
Scope	Standardization in the field of user-system interfaces in information and communication technology (ICT) environments and support for these interfaces to serve all users, including people having accessibility or other specific needs, with a priority of meeting the JTC 1 requirements for cultural and linguistic adaptability. This includes: - user interface accessibility (requirements, needs, methods, techniques and enablers); - cultural and linguistic adaptability and accessibility (such as evaluation of cultural and linguistic adaptability of ICT products, harmonized human language equivalents, localization parameters, voice messaging menus); - user interface objects, actions and attributes; - methods and technologies for controlling and navigating within systems, devices and applications in visual, auditory, tactile and other sensorial modalities (such as by voice, vision, movement, gestures); - symbols, functionality and interactions of user interfaces (such as graphical, tactile and auditory icons, graphical symbols and other user interface elements); - visual, auditory, tactile and other sensorial input and output devices and methods in ICT environments (for devices such as keyboards, displays, mice); - user interfaces for mobile devices, hand-held devices and remote interactions.		
Structure	AHG 3 Accessibility of Internet of things user interfaces WG 1 Keyboards, methods and devices related to input and its feedback WG 2 Graphical user interface and interaction WG 4 User interfaces for mobile and wearable devices WG 5 Cultural and linguistic adaptability WG 6 User interfaces accessibility WG 9 Natural user interfaces and interactions WG 10 Affective computing user interfaces		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45382.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	98	Projects	8
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	19 participating members		
O-Members	19 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate Luxembourg Institute of Science and Technology (LIST)		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 43 BRAIN-COMPUTER INTERFACES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2022	Secretariat	SAC (China)
Chairperson	Ms. Yuntao Yu	Committee Manager	Mr. Bing Cui
Scope	Standardization in the area of Brain-computer Interfaces for information technology to enable communication and interaction between brain and computers that are applicable across application areas.		

	- Serve as the focus and proponent for JTC 1's standardization program on Brain-computer Interfaces, including the development of foundational standards; - Provide guidance on Brain-computer Interfaces to JTC 1, IEC, ISO, and other entities developing applications of BCI. Excluded: standards for human implants and medical applications.
Structure	AG 3 Chair's Advisory Group AG 4 Liaisons and Communications Advisory Group ahG 10 JTC 1/SC 43 Scope Improvement WG 1 Foundational standards WG 2 Applications WG 5 BCI Data WG 9 Ethics and Trustworthiness WG 11 Responsible use of BCI
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7:410548623915282:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:28794,25

STANDARDIZATION WORK

Published standards	3	Projects	17
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	11 participating members		
O-Members	12 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/TC 159/SC 4
ERGONOMICS OF HUMAN-SYSTEM INTERACTION

GENERAL INFORMATION

Creation date	1983	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)
Chairperson	Mr. Jonathan Earthy	Committee Manager	Mr. Andrew Barrett
Scope	Standardization in the field of ergonomics/human factors, in particular the interaction between and within systems (often computer-based) and the people (who use, operate, and are affected by them as well as those who develop, manufacture, evaluate, install and maintain them). Areas of standardization include: hardware ergonomics (including input, display, and interactive devices), software ergonomics (including interaction and interface design), ergonomics of the context of use (including tasks, environments, and workplaces), and human-centred design processes and methods (including usability engineering, accessible design, and participative design methods).		
Structure	CAG Chairman Advisory Group JWG 28 Joint ISO/TC 159/SC 4 - ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 7 WG: Common industry formats for usability related information SG 2 Work Coordination SG 3 Development and alignment of ISO 9241-1 and 9241-2 WG 2 Visual display requirements WG 3 Controls, workplace and environmental requirements WG 5 Interaction and presentation of information WG 6 Human-centred design processes for interactive systems WG 8 Ergonomic design of control centres WG 9 Tactile and haptic interaction WG 12 Image safety Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: JWG 28 Joint ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 7 - ISO/TC 159/SC 4 WG: Common industry formats for usability-related information		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/53372.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	85	Projects	11

INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT	
P-Members	23 participating members
O-Members	17 observing members (including Luxembourg)
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate Luxembourg Institute of Science and Technology (LIST)

CEN/CLC/ETSI JWG eAcc
EACCESSIBILITY

GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2021	Secretariat	UNE (Spain)
Chairperson	Ms. Susanna Laurin	Secretary	Ms. Leticia Roubelat Marqués
Scope	To develop standardisation documents common to CEN, CENELEC and ETSI in the field of the accessibility of ICT products and services.		
Structure	WG 1 CEN/CLC/ETSI TR 101551 and CEN/CLC/ETSI/TR 101552		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:855949&cs=1E4D1604D14C923D402E4962C66AD84D4		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	3	Projects	1
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	3 national delegates Office de la surveillance de l'accessibilité des produits et services, Service information et presse		

ETSI/TC HF
HUMAN FACTORS

GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A		
Chairperson	Ms. Ulrike Haltrich		
Scope	The Human Factors committee is the technical body within ETSI responsible for Human Factors issues in all areas of Information and Communications Technology (ICT). It produces standards, guidelines and reports that set the criteria necessary to build optimum usability into the emerging digital networked economy (DNE). The HF committee co-operates with other groups within ETSI and outside to assist them to produce standards, or other deliverables, which are in accordance with good Human Factors practice. Within ETSI it has a special responsibility for “Design for All” addressing the needs of all users, including young children, seniors and disabled people. Human Factors is the scientific application of knowledge about human capacities and limitations in order to make products, systems, services and environments effective, efficient and easy for everyone to use. It is a key factor for the commercial success of any ICT product or service in the digital networked economy.		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/hf/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	125	Projects	6
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg’s involvement	1 national ETSI Members		

4.8 Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality

ILNAS/NSC 04 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2024	Secretariat	ILNAS
Chairperson	Ms. Emilia Tantar	Secretary	N/A
Scope	Standardization in the field of Artificial Intelligence		
Structure	WG 1 Foundational standards		
	WG 2 Conformity assessment		
	WG 3 Data		
	WG 4 Trustworthiness		
	WG 5 Engineering aspects of AI systems		
	WG 6 Use cases and applications		
Webpage	-		
NATIONAL MEMBERS			
Involvement and Organizations	32 national delegates		
	Amazon Web Services EMEA S.à.r.l., ANEC GIE, Banque Raiffeisen S.C., Barreau de Luxembourg, CERTI-TRUST Interdicert Europe S.A., Commission Nationale pour la Protection des Données (CNPd), CSSF, Cyperion IT Consulting S.à.r.l., Datai S.à.r.l., Everis Spain SLU, ILNAS, INCERT GIE, Inspection du Travail et des Mines, itrust consulting S.à.r.l., ITTM, Just.Data.Lawgic., Linklaters LLP, Luxembourg House of Cybersecurity G.I.E., Luxembourg Institute of Science and Technology (LIST), PATENT 42 S.A., POST Luxembourg, Rejustify S.à.r.l., Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank S.A., Tarkett S.A., Université du Luxembourg		
COMMENTS			
The National Standardization Commission (NSC) 04 “Artificial Intelligence” is mirroring the work of the European and international technical committees related to AI (ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 and CEN/CLC JTC 21).			

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Wael William Diab	Committee Manager	Ms. Heather Benko
Scope	Standardization in the area of Artificial Intelligence - Serve as the focus and proponent for JTC 1's standardization program on Artificial Intelligence; - Provide guidance to JTC 1, IEC, and ISO committees developing Artificial Intelligence applications.		
Structure	AHG 4 Liaison with SC 27 AHG 8 Best practices for new proposals JAG Joint Advisory Group on AI and sustainability with ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 39 and JTC 1/SC 42 JWG 2 Joint Working Group JTC 1/SC 42 - JTC 1/SC 7: Testing of AI-based systems JWG 3 Joint Working Group JTC 1/SC 42 - TC 215 WG: AI enabled health informatics JWG 4 Joint Working Group JTC 1/SC 42 - IEC TC 65/SC 65A: Functional safety and AI systems JWG 5 Joint Working Group JTC 1/SC 42 - TC 37 WG: Natural language processing systems JWG 6 Joint Working Group JTC 1/SC42 - ISO/CASCO: Conformity assessment schemes for AI systems JWG 7 Joint Working Group JTC 1/SC 42 - ISO/TC 68: Artificial intelligence WG 1 Foundational standards		

	WG 2	Data	
	WG 3	Trustworthiness	
	WG 4	Use cases and applications	
	WG 5	Computational approaches and computational characteristics of AI systems	
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/6794475.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	43	Projects	49
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	58 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	25 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	<i><u>Note:</u> National participation in ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 04 "Artificial Intelligence", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		

CEN/CLC/JTC 21 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2021	Secretariat	DS (Denmark)
Chairperson	Mr. Dr. Sebastian Hallensleben	Secretary	Mr. Kim Skov Hilding
Scope	The JTC shall produce standardization deliverables in the field of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and related use of data, as well as provide guidance to other technical committees concerned with Artificial Intelligence. The JTC shall also consider the adoption of relevant international standards and standards from other organisations, like ISO/IEC JTC 1 and its subcommittees, such as SC 42 Artificial intelligence. The JTC shall produce standardization deliverables to address European market and societal needs and to underpin primarily EU legislation, policies, principles, and values.		
Structure	WG 1 Strategic Advisory Group (SAG) WG 2 Operational aspects WG 3 Engineering aspects WG 4 Foundational and societal aspects WG 5 Joint standardization on Cybersecurity for AI systems		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:2916257&cs=11D701467243B7C63DEF4702C86E0138A		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	17	Projects	34
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	<i>Note: National participation in CEN/CLC JTC 21 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 04 "Artificial Intelligence", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 24 COMPUTER GRAPHICS, IMAGE PROCESSING AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA REPRESENTATION



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)
Chairperson	Mr Takeshi Kurata	Committee Manager	Ms. Jean Stride
Scope	Standardization relating to: - computer graphics, - image processing, - virtual reality, augmented reality, and mixed reality, - environmental data representation, - visualization of, and interaction with, information		

	Excluded: efficient coding of multimedia.		
Structure	AHG 1 Communications and outreach		
	AHG 2 Metaverse framework, architecture, and use cases		
	AHG 3 Metaverse reference and information models, and governance		
	CAG Chair's Advisory Group		
	WG 6 Computer Graphics and Virtual Reality		
	WG 7 Image processing and interchange		
	WG 8 Environmental representation		
	WG 9 Mixed and Augmented reality (MAR) continuum concepts and reference model		
	WG 10 Representation and visualization of information for systems integration		
	WG 11 Health, safety, security and usability of Augmented & Virtual Reality (AR/VR)		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45252.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	97	Projects	15
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	14 participating members		
O-Members	24 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 29 CODING OF AUDIO, PICTURE, MULTIMEDIA AND HYPERMEDIA INFORMATION



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1991	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Dr. Gary J. Sullivan	Committee Manager	Ms. Mayumi Koike
Scope	Standardization in the field of: - Efficient coding of digital representations of images, audio and moving pictures, including: - o Conventional (natural, computer-generated and immersive) images, moving pictures and audio, - o Invisible light and other sensory (such as medical and satellite) images, - o Static and dynamic graphic objects; - Efficient coding of other digital information, including: - o Multimedia, environment and user related metadata, - o Sensor and actuator information related to audiovisual information, - o Other digital data in agreement with the relevant committee, such as genomics; - Digital information support, including: - o Synchronization, presentation, storage and transport of single or combinations of media, - o Media security and privacy management, - o Quality of Experience evaluation and system performance metrics.		
Structure	AG 1 Chair Support Team and Management AG 2 MPEG Technical coordination AG 3 MPEG Liaison and communication AG 4 JPEG and MPEG Collaboration AG 5 MPEG Visual quality assessment WG 1 JPEG Coding of digital representations of images WG 2 MPEG Technical requirements WG 3 MPEG Systems WG 4 MPEG Video coding WG 5 MPEG joint video experts team with ITU-T SG 16 WG 6 MPEG Audio coding		

	WG 7 MPEG 3D graphics and haptics coding		
	WG 8 MPEG Genomic coding		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45316.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	636	Projects	78
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	31 participating members		
O-Members	17 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ETSI/TC SAI SECURING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2023		
Chairperson	Mr. Cadzow Scott		
Scope	The aim of Technical Committee Securing Artificial Intelligence (TC SAI) is to develop technical specifications that mitigate against threats arising from the deployment of AI, and threats to AI systems, from both other AIs, and from conventional sources. Whilst in the short to medium term the focus of TC SAI will be on the application of Machine Learning (ML) the group shall also give guidance and evaluation reports to ETSI and its stakeholders on the wider developments of AI. TC SAI addresses 4 main aspects of AI security standardisation: 1. Securing AI from attack e.g. where AI is a component in the system that needs defending. 2. Mitigating against AI e.g. where AI is the 'problem' (or used to improve and enhance other more conventional attack vectors), 3. Using AI to enhance security measures against attack from other things e.g. AI is part of the 'solution' (or used to improve and enhance more conventional countermeasures), 4. Societal security and safety aspects of the use and application of AI.		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/sai/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	21	Projects	8
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members		

4.9 Software and Programming Languages

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 7 SOFTWARE AND SYSTEMS ENGINEERING			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	BIS (India)
Chairperson	Dr. Sundeep Oberoi	Committee Manager	Ms. Reena Garg
Scope	Standardization of processes, supporting tools and supporting technologies for the engineering of software products and systems. Note: The processes, tools and technologies are within the scope of JTC1 terms of references and exclude specific tools and technologies that have been assigned by JTC1 to other of its SC's.		
Structure	AG 1	Chair's Advisory Group	
	AG 2	Business planning group	
	AG 3	Communications and outreach	
	AG 4	Standards management	
	AHG 11	Low code development	
	JWG 28	Joint TC 159/SC 4 - JTC 1/SC 7 WG: Common industry formats for usability related information	
	WG 2	System software documentation	
	WG 4	Tools and environment	
	WG 6	Software Product and System Quality	
	WG 7	Life cycle management	
	WG 10	Process assessment	
	WG 19	Techniques for Specifying IT Systems	
	WG 20	Software and systems bodies of knowledge and professionalization	
	WG 21	Information technology asset management	
	WG 22	Vocabulary validation	
	WG 24	Systems and software standards for Very Small Entities	
	WG 26	Software testing	
	WG 29	Agile and DevOps	
	WG 30	Systems resilience	
	WG 42	Architecture	
Webpage	Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: JWG 2 Joint Working group JTC 1/SC 42 – JTC 1/SC 7: Testing of AI-based systems		
	https://www.iso.org/committee/45086.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	234	Projects	46
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	37 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	27 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	7 national delegates		
	ANEC GIE,itrust consulting S.à r.l., Luxembourg Institute of Science and Technology (LIST), UBS Fund Services Luxembourg S.A., Université du Luxembourg		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 22 PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES, THEIR ENVIRONMENTS AND SYSTEM SOFTWARE INTERFACES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. David Keaton	Committee Manager	Mr. Bill Ash
Scope	JTC1/SC 22 is the international standardization subcommittee for programming languages, their environments and system software interfaces. SC 22 is oftentimes called the “portability subcommittee”.		
Structure	AHG 2 SD 1 Update WG 4 COBOL WG 5 Fortran WG 9 Ada WG 14 C WG 17 Prolog WG 21 C++ WG 23 Programming Language Vulnerabilities WG 24 Linux		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45202.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	109	Projects	16
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	28 participating members		
O-Members	22 observing members		
Luxembourg’s involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

4.10 Quantum Technologies

ILNAS/NSC 03
QUANTUM TECHNOLOGIES

GENERAL INFORMATION

Creation date	2024	Secretariat	ILNAS
Chairperson	N/A	Secretary	Ms. Rim Doukha
Scope	Standardization in the field of Quantum Technologies		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://portail-qualite.public.lu/fr/normes-normalisation/secteurs/tic/quantum-technologies.html		

NATIONAL MEMBERS

Involvement and Organizations	14 national delegates ANEC GIE, ILNAS, INCERT GIE, itrust consulting S.àr.l., LuxProvide S.A., LuxQuantum S.àr.l., Starion Luxembourg S.A., Université du Luxembourg
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COMMENTS

The National Standardization Commission (NSC) 03 “Quantum Technologies” is mirroring the work of the European and international technical committees related to Quantum Technologies (IEC/ISO JTC 3 and CEN/CLC JTC 22). The NSC 03 has been created in February 2024.

IEC/ISO JTC 3
QUANTUM TECHNOLOGIES

GENERAL INFORMATION

Creation date	2024	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)
Chairperson	Dr. Haeseong Lee	Secretary	Mrs. Andreea Vieru
Scope	Standardization in the field of quantum technologies. The scope includes standardization in the field of quantum technologies, including quantum information technologies (quantum computing and quantum simulation), quantum metrology, quantum sources, quantum detectors, quantum communications, and fundamental quantum technologies. The JTC will coordinate the results of these efforts with relevant committees and subcommittees that have within their scopes the development of specific sector-based applications of quantum technologies. Excluded: Specific sector-based applications and standardization in the fields of information technology (JTC 1 and its subcommittees), nanotechnology (IEC TC 113 and ISO TC 229), fibre optics (IEC TC 86), cryogenic vessels (ISO TC 220), and semiconductors (IEC TC 47).		
Structure	Joint Subcommittees JSC 3A Quantum computing Working Groups WG 9 Terminology and quantities WG 10 Quantum sensors WG 11 Quantum computing supply chain WG 12 Quantum computing benchmarking WG 13 Quantum random number generators WG 14 Quantum enabling technology WG 15 Quantum Computing Terminology and Quantities WG 16 Quantum Communication Project Teams PT 18157 PT ISO/IEC TR 18157 PT 63622 Quantum Photonics Vocabulary Advisory Groups AG 1 Strategic planning AG 8 Chair's Advisory Group Ad-Hoc Groups		

	ahG 4	Quantum Communication
	ahG 5	Quantum Computing and simulation
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7::::FSP_ORG_ID:49854	
STANDARDIZATION WORK		
Published standards	1	Projects16
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT		
P-Members	34 participating members (including Luxembourg)	
O-Members	10 observing members	
Luxembourg's involvement	<i><u>Note:</u> National participation in IEC/ISO JTC 3 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 03 "Quantum Technologies", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>	

CEN/CLC/JTC 22 QUANTUM TECHNOLOGIES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2022	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Oskar Van Deventer	Secretary	Mrs. Katharina Sehnert
Scope	The JTC shall produce standardization deliverables in the field of Quantum Technologies including quantum enabling technologies, quantum sub-systems, quantum platforms & systems, quantum composite systems as well as quantum applications covering the following areas: Quantum metrology, sensing and enhanced imaging, Quantum computing and simulation; Quantum communication and cryptography, as well as provide guidance to other technical committees concerned with Quantum Technologies. The JTC shall also consider the adoption of relevant international standards and standards from other organisations, like ISO/IEC JTC 1 and its subcommittees. The JTC shall produce standardization deliverables to address European market and societal needs, as well as underpinning EU legislation, policies, principles, and values.		
Structure	WG 1 Strategic Advisory Group WG 2 Quantum Metrology, Sensing and Enhanced Imaging, and Quantum Enabling Technologies WG 3 Quantum Computing and Simulation WG 4 Quantum Communication and Quantum Cryptography		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0::::FSP_ORG_ID:3197951&cs=15741D1431D56DC6C1EC9D1C3C9B8A385		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	1	Projects	22
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	<i><u>Note:</u> National participation in CEN/CLC JTC 22 is done via ILNAS' National Standardization Commission NSC 03 "Quantum Technologies", which centralizes and coordinates Luxembourg experts' work in this field.</i>		

ETSI/TC QT QUANTUM TECHNOLOGIES



GENERAL INFORMATION	
Creation date	2023
Chairperson	Mr. Cadzow Scott
Scope	The main objectives of TC QT are: - To develop deliverables to support the deployment and operation of Quantum Technologies related solutions for Quantum Communications, Quantum Networks and other related fields of activity. - To further differentiate the approach depending on the maturity level of the related focus areas. With some focus areas in the field of Quantum Technologies being in an early and exploratory stage of technological maturity, the focus is expected to be on developing studies and publishing related Technical Reports, White Papers,

	and similar materials. As the associated technologies mature, the TC focus more on publishing normative deliverables. - To address European policy and regulatory requirements and prospective future Standardisation Requests addressed to ETSI. - To engage with other regulatory bodies and specific treaty organisations to ensure that the output supports relevant global, regional, and national requirements. - To provide input on the technical aspects of ETSI responses to EU Standardisation Requests and other government requests regarding Quantum Technologies solutions. - To collaborate with open-source initiatives relevant to Quantum domain standardization, starting from relevant existing and future ETSI SDGs with reference implementations and interoperability testing specifications. - To cooperate with other European and international standards organizations working on Quantum standardization to avoid duplication of work and promote alignment, through MoUs or Collaboration Agreements. - To collaborate with the research ecosystem, especially the European Horizon Framework Programmes, to attract new concepts, expertise and knowledge to standardisation activities in ETSI.			
Structure	-			
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/qt/			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	<table><tr><td>0</td><td>Projects</td><td>1</td></tr></table>	0	Projects	1
0	Projects	1		
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members			

4.11 E-Health, Healthy Living and Aging

ISO/TC 215 HEALTH INFORMATICS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1998	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Todd Cooper	Committee Manager	Ms. Rachel Hawthorne
Scope	Standardization in the field of health informatics, to facilitate capture, interchange and use of health-related data, information, and knowledge to support and enable all aspects of the health system.		
Structure	SC 1 Genomics Informatics		
	SC 2 Pharmacy and medicines business		
	CAG 1 P-member Leadership (National Heads of Delegation)		
	CAG 2 Technical Program Leadership		
	JWG 1 Joint ISO/TC 215 - ISO/TC 249/SC1 WG: Traditional Chinese Medicine (Informatics)		
	JWG 2 Graphical Content in Healthcare		
	JWG 7 Joint ISO/TC 215 - IEC/SC 62A WG: Safe, effective and secure health software and health IT systems, including those incorporating medical devices		
	MA 1 ISO 27269 Maintenance Agency		
	TF 1 Task Force on Quantities and Units to be used in e-health		
	TF 3 Outreach & Communications		
	TF 5 AI technologies in health informatics		
	TF 6 Process and quality improvement		
	WG 1 Architecture, Frameworks and Models		
	WG 2 Systems and Device Interoperability		
	WG 3 Semantic content		
	WG 4 Security, Safety and Privacy		
	WG 6 Pharmacy and medicines business		
	WG 10 Traditional Medicine		
	WG 11 Personalized digital health		
WG 12 Telehealth and virtual care			
Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee:			
JWG 1 Joint ISO/TC 249/SC 1 - ISO/TC 215 WG: Informatics			
JWG 3 Joint Working Group JTC1/SC42 - ISO/TC 215 WG: AI enabled health informatics			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/54960.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	248	Projects	68
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	39 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	32 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	3 national delegates		
A.L.T.I.B. A.s.b.l., ANEC GIE, ITTM			

ISO/TC 215/SC 1 GENOMIC INFORMATICS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2019	Secretariat	KATS (Republic of Korea)
Chairperson	Mr. Bron Kisler	Committee Manager	Mr. Sungin Lee
Scope	Standardization of computable data, information, and knowledge, including their representation and metadata, for the application of omics, including but not limited to genomics, phenomics and proteomics, to support human health and clinical research.		

Structure	AHG 2 Verifiable Credentials for Genomics Data		
	TF 2 Cross-SDO genomics coordination		
	WG 1 Genomics data sharing		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/7546903.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	14	Projects	4
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	18 participating members		
O-Members	5 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

IEC/SyC AAL ACTIVE ASSISTED LIVING			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Mr. Dejun Ma	Secretary	Mr. Atsushi Miyoshi
Scope	The Systems Committee shall: - Create a vision of Active Assisted Living that takes account of the evolution of the market. - Foster standardisation which: enables usability and accessibility of AAL systems and services. - Enables cross-vendor interoperability of AAL systems, services, products and components. - Addresses systems level aspects such as safety, security and privacy. - Communicate the work of the SyC appropriately to foster a strong community of stakeholders.		
Structure	WG 1 User Focus WG 2 Architecture and Interoperability WG 3 General specifications, Quality and Conformity assessment WG 4 Regulatory Affairs WG 5 AAL in the connected home environment WG 7 Cooperative multiple systems in connected home environments - Functional safety of electrical/electronic safety-related systems - AAL aspects MT 6 International Electrotechnical Vocabulary - Part 871: Active Assisted Living JWG 9 Ageing-inclusive living in smart home JWG 33 Embodied IoT Systems Managed by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 41 AG 1 Chair's Advisory Group - Strategy and Coordination		
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/?p=103:186:412103166380165:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LAN_G_ID:11827,25		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	14	Projects	5
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	11 participating members		
O-Members	16 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 251 HEALTH INFORMATICS				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	1990	Secretariat	NEN (Netherlands)	
Chairperson	Ms. Esther Peelen	Secretary	Ms. Saskia Neuijen	
Scope	Standardization in the field of Health Information and Communications Technology (ICT) to achieve compatibility and interoperability between independent systems and to enable modularity. This includes requirements on health information structure to support clinical and administrative procedures, technical methods to support interoperable systems as well as requirements regarding safety, security and quality.			
Structure	WG 1 Enterprise and Information WG 2 Technology and Applications			
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:6232&cs=179BCDF5F3C53AF099558615A53207584			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	113	Projects	29	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)			

CEN/CLC/JTC 16 ACTIVE IMPLANTABLE MEDICAL DEVICES				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	DKE (Germany)	
Chairperson	Mr. Matthias Neumann	Secretary	Mr. Gregor Schaefers	
Scope	To standardize all active implantable medical devices and their accessories.			
Structure	-			
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:2401823&cs=1064128213BC2CC6BE5082D7DBBB2D792			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	11	Projects	2	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)			

ETSI/TC eHealth eHEALTH				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2007			
Chairperson	Mr. Suno Wood			
Scope	The activities of TC eHEALTH include the following broad areas: - preparation of ETSI deliverables for describing Health ICT related requirements for relevant stakeholders including health professionals and other end-users; - co-ordination of Health ICT related requirements in order to produce a consistent set of ETSI deliverables and to undertake measures to efficiently continue and stimulate further Health ICT related work within ETSI; - provision of mechanisms for the effective liaison between ETSI TBs/ISGs and with relevant external organizations such as SDOs, Health professionals, end-user representatives, local, national and regional Government Authorities, the European Commission, EU projects and Emergency Authorities/Organizations;			

	- provision of a centre of expertise in the area of requirements for Health ICT systems and be able to offer advice to ETSI Technical Bodies/ISGs, the ETSI Board and the General Assembly. - organization of regular meetings/workshops with appropriate Health ICT stakeholders.		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/ehealth/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	7	Projects	1
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members		

4.12 Education, Digital Skills and Digital Learning

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 36 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY FOR LEARNING, EDUCATION, AND TRAINING			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1999	Secretariat	KATS (Republic of Korea)
Chairperson	Mr. Jon Mason	Committee Manager	Ms. Sunyoung Youn
Scope	Standardization in the field of information technologies for learning, education, and training to support individuals, groups, or organizations, and to enable interoperability and reusability of resources and tool. Excluded from this scope are: - Standards or technical reports that define educational standards (competencies), cultural conventions, learning objectives, or specific learning content; - Work done by other ISO or IEC TCs, SCs, or WGs with respect to their component, specialty, or domain. Instead, when appropriate, normative or informative references to other standards shall be included. Examples include documents on special topics such as multimedia, web content, cultural adaptation, and security.		
Structure	AG 1 Business planning and communications AG 2 Emerging Technologies (AGET) AHG 6 Artificial Intelligence for Education (AIEd) TCG Terminology Coordination Group WG 3 Learner information WG 4 Management and delivery WG 7 ITLET - Culture, language and individual needs WG 8 Learning Analytics Interoperability WG 9 Online Course Information Model Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: ISO/TC 249/JWG 12 Joint ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 24 – ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC36 WG: VR/AR/MR based ICT Integration Systems standards		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45392.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	59	Projects	13
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	21 participating members		
O-Members	31 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 353 TECHNOLOGIES SUPPORTING EDUCATION AND LEARNING PROCESSES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2007	Secretariat	UNI (Italy)
Chairperson	Mr. Angelo Corallo	Secretary	Ms. Hélène Carnevale
Scope	Develop standards in the field of information and communication technologies supporting all aspects of learning, education and training. The European Standards (EN), Technical Specifications (TS) and Technical Reports (TR) developed will support European policies with regard to all levels, modes and types of learning. The goal of this committee is to develop, support and facilitate a more harmonized European EdTech ecosystem that gives value to all stakeholders, users and beneficiaries of all aspects of learning technologies.		
Structure	WG 3 API and data model for personal and organizational related information WG 4 Common secure Identify and Access Management (IAM) system and Secure Single Sign On and attributes for users within educational institutions		

	WG 5	Common methods and procedures for reporting data produced by learners using digital resources and governance of the same data (xAPI statements)	
	WG 6	Secure cyber ecosystem of digital resources, tools and services	
	WG 7	Blockchain-based academic certificates complying with GDPR	
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=205:7::::FSP_ORG_ID:580446&cs=11AA2842DA70D58FF78D9D81774FE4D9F		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	10	Projects	3
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 428 ICT PROFESSIONALISM AND DIGITAL COMPETENCES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2007	Secretariat	UNI (Italy)
Chairperson	Ms. Mary Cleary	Secretary	Mrs. Veronica Salsano
Scope	CEN TC 428 is responsible for all aspects of standardization related to maturing the ICT Profession in all sectors, public and private. This includes, at a minimum, activity related to four major building blocks of ICT Professionalism:		
	- Competences (standardization of a common language of digital and ICT Professional competences, skills and knowledge applied in all domains); - Education and certification; - Code of Ethics; - Body of Knowledge (BoK). The main areas of standardization where CEN TC 428 will develop its activity are as follows: - Definition, maintenance and evolution of digital Professional competences in all sectors, always looking at current business adoption and new emerging technologies and trends as they become relevant to the ICT profession as a whole (e.g. security, fintech, cloud, blockchain); - Interaction with different frameworks; - Curricula guidance; - ICT Professional Role Profiles; - Guidance for assessing the published standards; - Body of Knowledge (BoK) for ICT; - Development of an education and certification model related to e-CF; - Developing a sustainable code of ethics in the ever-changing ICT world. All conceptual developments shall be consistent and interrelated.		
Structure	WG 1 Ethics and other Transversal aspects WG 2 Competence, skills, knowledge and roles WG 3 Education and Training WG 4 Quality, Strategy and Outreach		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0::::FSP_ORG_ID:1218399&cs=16D21D7497970A5A38FB4CCE737358BFE		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	10	Projects	0
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

4.13 Fintech

ISO/TC 68 FINANCIAL SERVICES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1972	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. James Northey	Committee Manager	Ms. Janet Busch
Scope	Standardization in the field of banking, securities and other financial services.		
Structure	SC 2	Financial Services, security	
	SC 8	Reference data for financial services	
	SC 9	Information exchange for financial services	
	AG 2	Standards Advisory Group	
	AG 3	Best practices	
	AG 5	Digital currencies	
	AG 6	Artificial Intelligence	
	AG 7	Identification of individuals	
	CAG	Strategic Leadership Group	
	JWG 1	Joint ISO/TC 68- ISO/TC 307 WG: Digital Currencies	
	TAG 1	Fintech Technical Advisory Group	
	TG 1	Communications	
	TG 7	Sustainable finance Advisory Group	
Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee			
ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 42/JWG 7		Joint Working Group ISO/IEC JTC1/SC 42 - ISO/TC 68: Artificial intelligence	
ISO/TC 322/JWG 1		Joint Working Group ISO/TC 322 - ISO/TC 68: Carbon data model	
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/49650.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	81	Projects	12
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	39 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	46 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate		
Clearstream Banking S.A.			

ISO/TC 68/SC 2 FINANCIAL SERVICES, SECURITY			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1981	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)
Chairperson	Ms. Lauren Jones	Committee Manager	Ms. Sarah Horsfield
Scope	Standardization for information security management and operations in financial services, excluding security and operations in reference data for financial services (covered by TC 68/SC 8) and information exchange for financial services (covered by TC 68/SC 9).		
Structure	AG 5 Security aspect of digital currencies CAG Chair's Advisory Group WG 8 Public key infrastructure management for financial services WG 11 Encryption algorithms used in banking applications WG 13 Security in retail banking WG 16 Security aspects related to third party payment service providers (TPP's) WG 20 Cloud Management and Security		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/49670.html		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	21	Projects	7
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	22 participating members		
O-Members	22 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate POST Luxembourg		

ISO/TC 68/SC 8 REFERENCE DATA FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	SNV (Switzerland)
Chairperson	Mr. Dominique Tanner	Committee Manager	Ms. Sandra Roth
Scope	Standardization in the field of reference data for financial services.		
Structure	CAG	Chair Advisory Group	
	AG 2	Instrument Identifier Advisory Group	
	MA (Voting Members)	ISO 20275 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 1 (Voting Members)	ISO 4217 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 2 (Discussions)	ISO 4217 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 3 (Discussions)	ISO 20275 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 4 (Voting Members)	ISO 10962 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 5 (Discussions)	ISO 10962 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 6 (Voting members)	ISO 5009 Maintenance Agency	
	MA 7 (Discussions)	ISO 5009 Maintenance Agency	
	SG 6	Review currency code standard	
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/6534796.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	23	Projects	0
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	28 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	11 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate		
	Clearstream Banking S.A.		

ISO/TC 68/SC 9 INFORMATION EXCHANGE FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Mr. Pierre Epailard	Committee Manager	Ms. Aylin Kip
Scope	Standardization in the field of information exchange for financial services.		
Structure	AG 1 ISO 20022 RA Oversight Group MA 1 MA ISO 18245 Retail financial services - Merchant category codes MA 2 ISO 8583 Financial-transaction-card-originated messages -Interchange message specifications TG 1 Cards standards WG 1 ISO 20022 Semantic Models WG 4 ISO 20022 Revision WG 5 Improving transparency in financial and business reporting - Harmonization		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/6534831.html		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	37	Projects	4
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	27 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	8 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate		
	Clearstream Banking S.A.		

4.14 Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technologies

ISO/TC 307 BLOCKCHAIN AND DISTRIBUTED LEDGER TECHNOLOGIES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2016	Secretariat	SA (Australia)
Chairperson	Dr. Scott Farrell	Committee Manager	Mr. Jentezen Dales
Scope	Standardization of blockchain technologies and distributed ledger technologies.		
Structure	AG 1 SBP Review Advisory Group		
	AG 2 Liaison Advisory Group		
	AG 4 Communications		
	AHG 4 DLT and carbon markets		
	CAG 1 Chair's Advisory Group		
	JWG 4 Joint TC 307 - JTC 1/SC 27 WG: Security, privacy and identity for Blockchain and DLT		
	WG 1 Foundations		
	WG 3 Smart contracts and their application		
	WG 5 Governance		
	WG 6 Use cases		
	WG 7 Interoperability		
	WG 8 Tokenization of assets		
Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee:			
ISO/TC 46/SC 11/JWG 1 Joint ISO/TC 46/SC 11 - ISO/TC 307 WG: Blockchain			
ISO/TC 68/JWG 1 Joint ISO/TC 68- ISO/TC 307 WG: Digital Currencies			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/6266604.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	14	Projects	23
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	44 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	19 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	9 national delegates		
	Everis Spain SLU, SOLVER SX S.A., ILNAS, itrust consulting S.à r.l., KYC3 S.à r.l., Linklaters LLP, Nash S.à r.l.		

CEN/CLC/JTC 19 BLOCKCHAIN AND DISTRIBUTED LEDGER TECHNOLOGIES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2019	Secretariat	UNI (Italy)
Chairperson	Mr. Andrea Caccia	Secretary	Ms. Carla Sirocchi
Scope	To prepare, develop and/or adopt standards for Blockchain and Distributed Ledger technologies covering the following aspects: - Organizational frameworks and methodologies, including IT management systems; - Processes and products evaluation schemes; - Blockchain and distributed ledger guidelines. The JTC will focus on European requirements, especially in the legislative and policy context, and will proceed with the identification and possible adoption of standards or other relevant documentation already available or under development in other SDOs or regulatory bodies, which could support the EU Digital Single Market and/or EC Directives/Regulations. Special attention will be paid to ISO/TC 307 standards. If required these standards will be augmented by CEN TRs and TSS.		

Structure	WG 1	Decentralised identity management	
	WG 2	Environmental sustainability	
	WG 3	Personal identifiable information (PII) in Blockchain and DLT	
	WG 4	Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technologies for Cybersecurity and Resilience	
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:2702172&cs=148F2B917E4B67BCFD6FE36CE0EA923AC		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	2		Projects4
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg’s involvement	2 national delegates		
	II NAS		

4.15 Smart Grids and Smart Metering, Efficient Energy Use

IEC/SyC SMART ENERGY			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A	Secretariat	IEC
Chairperson	Mr. Pascal Terrien	Secretary	Mr. Thomas Duerr
Scope	Standardization in the field of Smart Energy in order to provide systems level standardization, coordination and guidance in the areas of Smart Grid and Smart Energy, including interaction in the areas of Heat and Gas. To widely consult within the IEC community and the broader stakeholder community to provide overall systems level value, support and guidance to the TCs and other standard development groups, both inside and outside the IEC. To liaise and cooperate with the SEG Smart Cities and future SEGs, as well as the future Systems Resource Group.		
Structure	WG 2 IEC Smart Energy Development Plan WG 3 Roadmap and development plan WG 6 Generic Smart Grid Requirements WG 8 Distributed energy trading infrastructure PT PNW-1-service scenarios SRD- Service Scenarios of Renewable Energy Resource Aggregation Business PT PREPNW TS SYCSMARTENERGY-1 Energy flexibility and residential demand side response – Part 1: Common ground AG 12 Advisory group on incubation projects ahG 9 Smart Hydropower ahG 11 ahG on Energy flexibility and residential DSR: common ground ahG 13 Flexibility, Positive Energy District (PED) and Energy Resource Aggregation Business (ERAB) JPT 3 IEV part on terminology relating to systems, smart and digital Managed by TC 1 CAG 7 CAG Chair's Advisory Group JAG 22 Communication Protocols Interoperability and Data Model Alignment for Energy Transfer systems for Electric Vehicles between TC 69 and SyC Smart Energy Managed by TC 69		
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:186:412103166380165:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LAN_G_ID:11825,25		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	16	Projects	6
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	22 participating members		
O-Members	9 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 294 COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS FOR METERS				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	N/A	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)	
Chairperson	Mr. Dipl.-Ing. Achim Reissinger	Secretary	Mr. David Näther	
Scope	Standardization of communications interfaces for metering and submetering systems for Water, Fuel Gases, Heat and similar energies and fluids where the protocols are applied to the meters, sensors and actuators and systems used to provide metering services. Security features like Confidentiality, Authenticity and Integrity are provided at the application and lower layers. Cooperation with CENELEC and ETSI, in relation to consistent protocol and use of spectrum, is an essential condition for achieving interoperability between entities in systems. Excluded from this scope are areas, which are under the responsibility of CLC/TC 205 and CEN/TC 247.			
Structure	WG 2 Data exchange for meters on DLMS/COSEM systems WG 4 Data exchange for meters on M-Bus systems WG 5 Data exchange for meters on wireless M-Bus systems WG 7 Adaptation layer			
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0::::FSP_ORG_ID:6275&cs=16B74FE5CD11284942332D060BF8398B8			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	9		Projects	1
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)			

4.16 ICT Environmental Impact, Green ICT and Sustainability

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 39 SUSTAINABILITY, IT AND DATA CENTRES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2012	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr Ricardo Llera	Committee Manager	Mr. Bill Ash
Scope	Standardization of assessment methods, design practices, operation and management aspects to support resource efficiency, resilience and environmental sustainability for and by information, data centres and other facilities and infrastructure necessary for service provisioning. To avoid any duplication of work and to support innovation, SC 39 will engage in active liaison and collaboration with: - other JTC1 entities; - ISO TC 207, ISO TC 242, ISO TC 257; - IEC TC 100, IEC TC 111, IEC PC 118, SMB SG 4, IEC/TC 57/WG 2 and IEC/TC 9; - ITU-T SG 5; - Any other appropriate body including external organizations (e.g. consortia).		
Structure	WG 1 Resource Efficient Data Centres WG 3 Sustainable facilities and infrastructures WG 4 Digital Services and Software Sustainability Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: JTC 1/SC 42/JAG Joint Advisory Group on AI and sustainability with JTC1/SC 39 and JTC1/SC 42		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/654019.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	33	Projects	9
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	25 participating members		
O-Members	18 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate ILNAS		

ISO/IEC JTC 5 DIGITAL PRODUCT PASSPORT			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2026	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Adrian von Mühlénen	Committee Manager	Mrs. Amelie Buss
Scope	Standardization in the field of Digital Product Passport. Development of deliverables for the deployment of Digital Product Passports (DPP) ensuring cross sectoral and cross system interoperability enabling the supply chain information flow. This includes the framework of the DPP System and the DPP Ecosystem as well as the basics for both. The new JTC does not develop sector specific standards and standards to be used for DPP-system or DPP-data which are already covered by the scope of other ISO and IEC TCs.		
Structure	-		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/11760382.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	0	Projects	0

INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT	
P-Members	31 participating members
O-Members	17 observing members (including Luxembourg)
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates Terra Matters GIE

CEN/CLC/JTC 24 DIGITAL PRODUCT PASSPORT - FRAMEWORK AND SYSTEM



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2024	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Dipl.-Ing. Achim Reissinger	Secretary	Mr. David Näther
Scope	Development of deliverables for the Digital Product Passport (DPP) framework and system, based on but not limited to standards on: - unique identifiers; - data carriers and links between physical product and digital representation; - access rights management, information, system security, and business confidentiality; - interoperability (technical, semantic, organisation); - data processing, data exchange protocols and data formats; - data storage, archiving, and data persistence; - data authentication, reliability, integrity; - Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) for the product passport lifecycle management and searchability; - data delivering system, data specification method while ensuring cross-sectoral and cross-system interoperability. Excluded are: - Sector specific standards, - deliverables already covered by the scope of other CEN and CENELEC TCs, - definition of the content of data belonging to different product types or segments.		
Structure	WG 1 Strategic Advisory Group WG 2 Unique identifiers and data carriers WG 3 Security WG 4 Interoperability framework		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=205:7:::FSP_ORG_ID:3342699&cs=152A83699C987EFA564209B7AC7311C86		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	6	Projects	3
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	4 national delegates INCERT GIE, Ministère de l'Economie, Terra Matters GIE		

ETSI/TC EE ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING



GENERAL INFORMATION	
Creation date	1997
Chairperson	Mr. Beniamino Gorini
Scope	The Technical Committee EE is responsible for defining the environmental and infrastructural aspects for all telecommunication equipment and its environment, including equipment installed in subscriber premises. Wherever possible this will be achieved by references to existing international standards. The field includes: - Environmental Conditions (WG-EE1); - Power Supply, Bonding and related topics (WG-EE2); - Mechanical Structure and Physical design of equipment and structures;

	- Environmental affairs (WG-EEPS); - Environmental matters associated with Mobile ICT devices (WG M-ICT).		
Structure	WG EE 1	Environmental Condition	
	WG EE 2	Power supply	
	WG EE M-ICT	Environmental matters associated with Mobile ICT Devices	
	WG EEPS	Eco Environmental Product Standards Group	
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/ee/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	240	Projects	36
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	NO national ETSI Members		

4.17 Smart Cities and Communities

ISO/IEC JTC 4 SMART AND SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2025	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)	
Convenor	Mr. Bernard Gindroz	Secretary	Mrs. Svitlana Grand-Chavin	
Scope	Standardization in the field of smart and sustainable cities and communities, including the development of requirements, frameworks, guidance and supporting techniques and tools related to the achievement of sustainable development. The scope includes resilience and disaster risk reduction, sustainability and sustainable mobility and transport, community infrastructure, climate change mitigation and adaptation, digitalization, and ICT and system aspects only as it pertains to and helps all cities and communities and their interested parties, in both rural and urban areas, become more sustainable and smarter. It also fosters the development of standards with electrotechnology to support the integration, interoperability and effectiveness of city systems. It recognizes the strategic importance of collaborating with, building on and highlighting the work of existing ISO, IEC and Joint Technical Committees, to ensure a coherent set of standards. JTC 4 is responsible for the overall system aspects and infrastructure aspects of smart and sustainable cities and communities, as well as the coordination of the overall ISO/IEC work programme in this field including the schedule for standards development, taking into account the work of existing international standardization bodies and existing work of ISO and IEC technical committees.			
Structure	-			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/11064026.html			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	0	Projects	0	
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
P-Members	27 participating members			
O-Members	14 observing members (including Luxembourg)			
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegates ILNAS			

ISO/IEC JTC 1/WG 11 SMART CITIES				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2013	Secretariat	SAC (China)	
Convenor	Mr. Heng Qian	Secretary	Mr. Hongwei Zhang	
Scope	- Serve as the focus of and proponent for JTC 1's Smart Cities standardization program; - Develop foundational standards for the use of ICT in Smart Cities - including the Smart City ICT Reference Framework and an Upper Level Ontology for Smart Cities - for guiding Smart Cities efforts throughout JTC 1 upon which other standards can be developed; - Develop a set of ICT related indicators for Smart Cities in collaboration with ISO/TC 268; - Develop additional Smart Cities' standards and other deliverables that build on these foundational standards; - Identify JTC 1 (and other organization) subgroups that are developing standards and related material that contribute to Smart Cities, and where appropriate, investigate ongoing and potential new work that contributes to Smart Cities; - Develop and maintain liaisons with all relevant JTC 1 subgroups;			

	- Engage with the community outside of JTC 1 to grow the awareness of, and encourage engagement in, JTC 1 Smart Cities standardization efforts within JTC 1, forming liaisons as is needed; - Ensure a strong relationship with Smart Cities activities in ISO and IEC.		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	10	Projects	10
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates ANEC GIE, ILNAS		

ISO/TC 268 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2012	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Vacant	Committee Manager	Ms. Svitlana Grand-Chavin
Scope	Standardization in the field of Sustainable Cities and Communities will include the development of requirements, frameworks, guidance and supporting techniques and tools related to the achievement of sustainable development considering smartness and resilience, to help all Cities and Communities and their interested parties in both rural and urban areas become more sustainable. Note: TC 268 will contribute to the UN Sustainable Development Goals through its standardization work. The proposed series of International Standards will encourage the development and implementation of holistic and integrated approaches to sustainable development and sustainability.		
Structure	SC 1 Smart community infrastructures SC 2 Sustainable cities and communities - Sustainable mobility and transportation AHG 1 PWI Harbour Cities CAG 1 Chairman Advisory Group TG 1 Awareness-raising, communication and promotion TG 2 Collection of cities good practices and needs TG 3 Supporting the strategic positioning of ISO/TC 268 TG 4 ESG in cities WG 1 Management System Standards WG 2 City indicators WG 3 City anatomy and sustainability terms WG 4 Smart processes and operating models for sustainable communities WG 5 Risk Finance WG 6 Harbour cities services		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/656906.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	63	Projects	31
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	45 participating members		
O-Members	31 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates Université du Luxembourg		

ISO/TC 268/SC 1 SMART COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2012	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Mr. Takahiro Kihara	Committee Manager	Ms. Ritsu Hamaoka
Scope	Standardization in the field of smart community infrastructure, including basic concepts to define and describe smartness of community infrastructure as an integrative large scale product, harmonized metrics for benchmarking, usage of the metrics for application to the diverse types of communities, and specifications for measurement/reporting/verification. ISO/TC 268 SC1 focuses on technical aspects of smart community infrastructure which are basic structures that support the operation and activities of urban communities, e.g. energy, water, resource management systems, ICT infrastructure. The concept of smartness is addressed in terms of performance relevant to technologically implementable solutions, based on multiple aspects including sustainability. NOTE TC 268/SC 1, within the Scope of TC 268, addresses subjects that can relate to the scope of other technical TC/SCs in ISO/IEC only when such TC/SCs are not addressing smart community infrastructure issues. In doing so, TC 268/SC 1 in principle collaborates with such relevant TCs/SCs, through liaison mechanism or joint work. TC 268/SC1 intends to disseminate the documents developed by those relevant technical TCs/SCs by referring to them. Excluded: Standardization of subjects covered by TC 268/SC 2.		
Structure	CAG 1 Chair's Advisory Group TG 2 Smart Community Infrastructure - Pilot Testing WG 1 Infrastructure metrics WG 2 Integration and interaction framework for smart community infrastructures WG 4 Data exchange and sharing for smart community infrastructure WG 5 Power plant WG 6 Disaster risk reduction WG 7 Utility tunnel Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee JWG 1 Joint ISO/IEC JTC 1 - ISO/TC 268/SC 1 WG - Smart city infrastructure planning		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/656967.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	20	Projects	9
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	30 participating members		
O-Members	18 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/TC 268/SC 2 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES - SUSTAINABLE MOBILITY AND TRANSPORTATION			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2021	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Dr. Fumihiko Nakamura	Committee Manager	Mr. Nobuaki Hamada
Scope	Standardization in the field of Sustainable mobility and transportation will promote and support a multi-sectorial integrated approach of sustainable cities and communities with a long-term vision based on the purposes of sustainability defined in ISO 37101. The SubCommittee will consider organisational issues, infrastructures and services in the mobility and transportation options for cities and communities, including those related to new technologies (i.e. electric, hydrogen, autonomous). The proposed series of International Standards will provide requirements, frameworks, guidance and supporting techniques and tools for cities and territories, as well as all mobility and transportation		

	stakeholders to plan, develop, operate, maintain and manage sustainable mobility and transportation systems and services with a long-term vision. Excluded: Road Vehicles covered by ISO/TC 22, Intelligent transport systems covered by ISO/TC 204, Railway applications covered by ISO/TC 269, and Electrical equipment and systems for railways covered by IEC/TC 9. Note: To ensure the development of a consistent set of standards on Sustainable mobility, ISO/TC 268/SC2 will liaise with relevant ISO and IEC committees.		
Structure	WG 1 Digital governance WG 2 Platform and services WG 3 Smart operation and maintenance		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/8742800.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	21	Projects	13
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	23 participating members		
O-Members	20 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegate Nash S à r l		

IEC/SyC SMART CITIES ELECTROTECHNICAL ASPECTS OF SMART CITIES			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A	Secretariat	IEC
Chairperson	Mr. Michael John Mulquin	Secretary	Mr. Stephen Dutnall
Scope	To foster the development of standards in the field of electrotechnology to help with the integration, interoperability and effectiveness of city systems. Note 1: This will be done: - by promoting the collaboration and systems thinking between IEC/TCs, the SyC and other SDOs in relation to City systems standards, - by undertaking systems analysis to understand the needs for standards and assess new work item proposals (NWIPs) related to city systems, - by developing systems standards where needed and by providing recommendations to existing SyCs, TCs/SCs and other SDOs. Note 2: Overall common city goals include, for example, sustainable development, efficiency, resilience, safety and support for citizens' engagement and participation. However, an individual city will follow its own approach. Note 3: "Cities" refers to any geographically located population.		
Structure	Working Groups WG 1 Terminology WG 2 Market Relationship WG 3 Reference Architecture WG 15 Maintenance of IEC 63152 - City Service Continuity against disasters, the role of the electrical supply WG 19 Multi-Functional Integrated Services "Street" Poles to support Smart Cities Joint Working Groups JWG 14 Smart Cities Reference Architecture linked to ISO/TC 268 JWG 16 City Information Modelling and Urban Digital Twins linked to ISO/IEC JTC 1 Advisory Groups AG 10 Cooperation AG 11 Communications, Outreach, Promotion & Advocacy based Strategy Advisory Group (COPAG) AG 12 City Observatory & Research Advisory Group (CORAG) AG 20 Chair's Advisory Group Ad-Hoc Groups ahG 6 Developing good working practice in the Governance Framework ahG 17 Positive Energy Districts (PEDs) Joint Project Teams JPT 3 IEV part on terminology relating to systems, smart and digital Managed by TC 1		

	Open Forum		
	OF 1 Open Forum 1 - Smart Cities Events		
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:186:412103166380165:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LAN_G_ID:13073,25		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	17	Projects	16
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	18 participating members		
O-Members	17 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 465 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2019	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)
Chairperson	Mr. Holger Robrecht	Secretary	Ms. Svitlana Grand-Chavin
Scope	Standardization in the field of Sustainable Cities and Communities, covering the development of requirements, frameworks, guidance and supporting tools and techniques. The proposed standardization plan will be developed to assist cities and community decision making, and support their implementation of sustainability and sustainable development. Standardization will focus on the development of a holistic and integrated approach in response to the needs of European Cities and Communities in both rural and urban areas. It is proposed that the standardization activities focus on: - the purposes of urban sustainable development as defined by ISO 37101 related to Sustainable Cities and Communities, namely resilience, attractiveness, well-being, social cohesion, preservation and improvement of environment, responsible resource use, aligned with the main pillars of sustainable development (economic, environmental and social); - all innovative approaches to solution and service delivery, designed for use by all Cities and Communities, Citizens and their interested parties as a means of achieving the sustainability of urban and rural development, with the aim of continuously improving solutions and services.		
Structure	WG 1 Nature-Based Solutions WG 2 Services to citizens WG 3 Territorial Resilience Development WG 4 Industrial Symbiosis for Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:2691595&cs=1B4B2B4D071921D6418AE8D855A9F8585		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	4	Projects	4
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

4.18 Intelligent Transport Systems

ISO/TC 204 INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1992	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Michael Brown	Committee Manager	Mr. Justin Sikorski
Scope	Standardization of information, communication and control systems in the field of urban and rural surface transportation, including intermodal and multimodal aspects thereof, traveller information, traffic management, public transport, commercial transport, emergency services and commercial services in the intelligent transport systems (ITS) field. Excluded: in-vehicle transport information and control systems (ISO / TC 22). Note: ISO/TC 204 is responsible for the overall system aspects and infrastructure aspects of intelligent transport systems (ITS), as well as the coordination of the overall ISO work programme in this field including the schedule for standards development, taking into account the work of existing international standardization bodies.		
Structure	AG 2 Identifiers AG 3 Operational improvement group (OIG) AG 4 Program coordination AG 5 Publication and marketing review AHG 2 ITS CyberSecurity JWG 1 Joint ISO/TC 204 - ISO/IEC JTC1 WG: City data model transportation planning WG 1 Architecture WG 3 ITS geographic data WG 5 Fee and toll collection WG 7 General fleet management and commercial/freight WG 8 Public transport/emergency WG 9 Integrated transport information, management and control WG 10 Traveller information systems WG 14 Driving automation and active safety systems WG 16 Communications WG 17 Nomadic Devices in ITS Systems WG 18 Cooperative systems WG 19 Mobility integration WG 20 Big Data and Artificial Intelligence supporting ITS Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: ISO/TC 22/JWG 2 Joint ISO/TC 22 - ISO/TC 204: Governance ISO/TC 211/JWG 11 Joint ISO/TC 211 - ISO/TC 204 WG: GIS-ITS		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/54706.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	364	Projects	75
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	41 participating members		
O-Members	27 observing members (including Luxembourg)		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 278 INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1992	Secretariat	NEN (Netherlands)
Chairperson	Mr. Bard de Vries	Secretary	Mr. Paul Folten

Scope	Standardization in the field of intelligent transport systems, encompassing services and techniques to achieve road safety, environmental sustainability and traffic efficiency, and to improve the travel experience; applying information and communication technologies between vehicles/infrastructure/other road users. The following are included: aspects of cooperation (C-ITS); intermodality and multimodality; traffic management; mobility information; mobility integration; mobility as a service; systems and services for vulnerable road users; ITS services for automated vehicles; parking management; user fee collection; public transport management; eCall; after-theft vehicle recovery systems; kerbside and pavement management. Mobility accessibility for all users is an important aspect of ITS standardization.		
Structure	WG 1 Electronic fee collection and access control (EFC) WG 3 Public transport (PT) WG 4 Traffic and traveller information (TTI) WG 7 ITS spatial data WG 8 Road traffic data (RTD) WG 15 eSafety WG 16 Cooperative ITS WG 17 Mobility integration		
Webpage	https://standards.cenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:6259&cs=164A194F2D8EB9ACD98538F3DDE9CA11B		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	199	Projects	40
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	2 national delegates HITEC Luxembourg S.A.		

ETSI/TC ITS INTELLIGENT TRANSPORT SYSTEMS



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2012		
Chairperson	Mr. Andersen Niels Peter Skov		
Scope	TC ITS shall have the following responsibility: - Development and maintenance of Standards, Specifications and other deliverables to support the development and implementation of ITS Service provision across the network, for transport networks, vehicles and transport users, including interface aspects and multiple modes of transport and interoperability between systems, but not including ITS application standards, radio matters, and EMC; - Scope includes communication media, and associated physical layer, transport layer, network layer, security, lawful intercept and the provision of generic web services.		
Structure	WG 1 Application Requirements and Services WG 4 Media and Medium Related WG 5 Security WG 23 Architecture & Cross Layers, Networking and Transport		
Webpage	https://www.etsi.org/technical-groups/its/		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	476	Projects	49
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national ETSI Member Mr. Spaanderman Paulus – FB Consulting S.A.R.L. is Vice Chair of TC ITS and Vice Chair of TC ITS/WG 1		

4.19 Digitization of European Industry: Smart Manufacturing

ISO/IEC JTC 1/WG 12 3D PRINTING AND SCANNING				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	2017	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)	
Convenor	Prof. Kyu-Won Shim	Secretary	Ms. Yaeseul Park	
Scope	- Serve as a focus of and proponent for the JTC 1 standardization program on 3D Printing and Scanning; - Develop ICT related foundational standards for 3D Printing and Scanning upon which other standards can be developed; - Develop other 3D Printing and Scanning standards that are built upon the foundational standards when relevant ISO and IEC committees that could address these standards do not exist or are unable to develop them; - Identify gaps and opportunities in 3D Printing and Scanning standardization; - Develop and maintain liaisons with all relevant ISO and IEC committees as well as with external organizations that have interests in 3D Printing and Scanning; - Engage with 3D Printing and Scanning communities to raise awareness of JTC 1 standardization efforts and provide an open platform for discussion and further cooperation; - Develop and maintain a list of existing 3D Printing and Scanning standards produced and standards development projects underway in ISO TCs, IEC TCs and JTC 1.			
STANDARDIZATION WORK				
Published standards	6	Projects	3	
NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT				
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)			

ISO/TC 184 AUTOMATION SYSTEMS AND INTEGRATION				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	1983	Secretariat	AFNOR (France)	
Chairperson	Mr. Christophe Mouton	Committee Manager	Ms. Isabelle Pereira	
Scope	Standardization in the field of automation systems and their integration for design, sourcing, manufacturing, production and delivery, support, maintenance and disposal of products and their associated services. Areas of standardization include information systems, automation and control systems and integration technologies. Note: There will be active collaboration with the relevant technical committees responsible for areas such as machines, manufacturing resources and facilities, robotics, electrical and electronic equipment, PLC for general application, quality management, industrial safety, information technologies, multi-media capabilities, and multi-modal communication networks.			
Structure	SC 1 Industrial cyber and physical device control SC 4 Industrial data SC 5 Interoperability, integration, and architectures for enterprise systems and automation applications AHG 3 Liaison review AHG 4 Smart manufacturing - next steps CAG Chair's Advisory Group JWG 21 Joint ISO/TC 184 - IEC/TC 65/JWG 21 - Smart Manufacturing Reference Model(s) linked to ISO/TC 184 TF 3 2026 Supermeeting WG 6 Asset intensive industry interoperability			

Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/54110.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	923	Projects	53
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	23 participating members		
O-Members	24 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/TC 184/SC 1 INDUSTRIAL CYBER AND PHYSICAL DEVICE CONTROL



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1985	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Jörg Meyer	Committee Manager	Mr. Christian Neumeister
Scope	SC 1 is dedicated to the development of standards supporting physical data control.		
Structure	WG 7 Data modelling for integration of physical devices		
	WG 9 Interfaces between manufacturing systems		
	WG 10 Numerical control systems for machine tools - Technical requirements		
	WG 11 Reference model for cyber - Physically controlled smart machine tool systems		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/54124.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	28	Projects	8
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	12 participating members		
O-Members	12 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/TC 184/SC 4 INDUSTRIAL DATA



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1984	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Kenneth Swope	Committee Manager	Ms. Dana Tripp
Scope	Standardization of the content, meaning, structure, representation and quality management of the information required to define an engineered product and its characteristics at any required level of detail at any part of its life-cycle from conception through disposal, together with the interfaces required to deliver and collect the information necessary to support any business or technical process or service related to that engineered product during its life-cycle. Note: Life-cycle includes recursive recycling to a terminal state.		
Structure	AG 0 Change management advisory group AG 2 Implementation Forum AG 3 Core terminology for industrial data JWG 16 Joint ISO/TC 184/SC 4 - ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 24 - ISO/TC 171/SC 2 WG: Formats for visualization and other derived forms of product data JWG 24 Joint ISO/TC 184/SC 4 - IEC SC3D WG: Use of IEC CDD for ISO data dictionaries and ontologies PPC Policy and planning committee QC Quality committee SG 1 Industrial data and digital twin TF 1 ISO 10303 SMRL architecture innovation TF 2 SC 4 reference model for industrial data TF 3 SC 4 common change process		

	WG 3	Oil, Gas, Process and Power	
	WG 11	Implementation methods and conformance methods	
	WG 12	STEP product modelling and resources	
	WG 13	Industrial Data Quality	
	WG 15	Digital manufacturing	
	WG 21	SMRL Validation Team	
	WG 22	Reference data validation team	
	WG 23	Vocabulary validation team	
	WG 25	ISO CDD Validation Team	
	WG 26	Ontology-based interoperability	
	Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee:		
	ISO/TC 59/SC 13/JWG 12	Joint TC 59/SC 13 - TC 184/SC 4 WG: Development of building data related standards	
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/54158.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	821	Projects	25
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	21 participating members		
O-Members	14 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

ISO/TC 184/SC 5 INTEROPERABILITY, INTEGRATION, AND ARCHITECTURES FOR ENTERPRISE SYSTEMS AND AUTOMATION APPLICATIONS



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1970	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Dr. Charlotta Johnsson	Committee Manager	Mr. Wallie Zoller
Scope	Standardization in the field of automation systems and their integration for design, sourcing, manufacturing, production and delivery, support, maintenance and disposal of products and their associated services. Areas of standardization include information systems, automation and control systems and integration technologies. Note: There will be active collaboration with the relevant technical committees responsible for areas such as machines, manufacturing resources and facilities, robotics, electrical and electronic equipment, PLC for general application, quality management, industrial safety, information technologies, multi-media capabilities, and multi-modal communication networks.		
Structure	AG 1 SC5 Advisory Group JWG 5 Joint WG ISO/TC 184/SC 5 - IEC/SC 65E: Enterprise-control system integration SG 7 Interoperability of simulation models on different platforms WG 1 Modelling and architecture WG 4 Manufacturing software and its environment WG 5 Open systems application frameworks WG 9 Key performance indicators for manufacturing operations management WG 10 Evaluation of energy efficiency and other relevant factors of a manufacturing system with respect to its environmental influence WG 12 Convergence of informatization and industrialization WG 13 Equipment behaviour catalogue WG 14 Mass customization WG 15 Model-based standards authoring study group WG 16 Supply chain interoperability and integration (SCII) WG 17 Interoperability of simulation models on different manufacturing platforms		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/54192.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	68	Projects	17

INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT	
P-Members	18 participating members
O-Members	14 observing members
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)

IEC/SyC SM SMART MANUFACTURING			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	N/A	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)
Chairperson	Mr. Udo Bausch	Committee Manager	Mr. Wallie Zoller
Scope	To provide coordination and advice in the domain of Smart Manufacturing to harmonize and advance Smart Manufacturing activities in the IEC, other SDOs and Consortia.		
Structure	WG 1	Use Cases & Supporting IT Tools	
	WG 2	Terminology	
	WG 8	Data spaces for Smart Manufacturing	
	PT PREPNW TS SYCSM-1 (temporary)	Key Performance Aspects for Smart Manufacturing (To be formally established after the approval of the NP)	
	JWG 10	Smart Manufacturing Standards Map (SM2) linked to ISO/TC 184	
	AG 1	Marketing, Outreach and Communication	
	ahG 9	Key Performance Aspects for Smart Manufacturing	
	ahG 11	Atomic level manufacturing	
	JPT 3	IEV part on terminology relating to systems, smart and digital Managed by TC 1	
CAG 1	Chair's Advisory Group		
OF 1	Smart Manufacturing Standards Map (SM2)		
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:186:412103166380165:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LAN_G_ID:22328,25		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	4	Projects	2
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	15 participating members		
O-Members	15 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 310 ADVANCED AUTOMATION TECHNOLOGIES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1993	Secretariat	BSI (United Kingdom)
Chairperson	Mr. Steven Carter	Secretary	Ms. Sophie Erskine
Scope	Standardization in the field of automation systems and technologies and their application and integration to ensure the availability of the standards required by industry for design, sourcing, manufacturing and delivery, support, maintenance and disposal of products and their associated services. Areas of standardisation may include enterprise modelling and system architecture, information and its supporting systems, robotics for fixed and mobile robots in industrial and specific non-industrial environments, automation and control equipment and software, human and mechanical aspects, integration technologies and system operational aspects. These standards may utilise other standards and technologies beyond the scope of TC 310, such as machines, equipment, information technologies, multi-media capabilities, and multi-modal communications networks.		
Structure	WG 1 Systems architecture		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/dyn/www/f?p=205:7:0:::FSP_ORG_ID:6291&cs=1CFCE7BD7724745E1244888BF6EA45B75		

STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	7	Projects	2
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CLC/TC 65X INDUSTRIAL-PROCESS MEASUREMENT, CONTROL AND AUTOMATION			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1993	Secretariat	DKE (Germany)
Chairperson	Mrs. Judith Rossebø	Secretary	Mr. Antonio Monaco
Scope	To contribute, support and coordinate the preparation of international standards for systems and elements used for industrial process measurement, control and automation at CENELEC level. To coordinate standardisation activities which affect integration of components and functions into such systems including safety and security aspects. This CENELEC work of standardisation is to be carried out for equipment and systems and closely coordinated with IEC TC65 and its subcommittees with the objective of avoiding any duplication of work while honouring standing agreements between CENELEC and IEC.		
Structure	WG 1 IRWC - Industrial Requirements for Wireless Communication WG 2 Smart Manufacturing and Digital Product Passport for industrial manufactured products WG 3 Cyber Security WG 4 Harmonization of standards under EMCD and LVD WG 5 Maintenance EN 50156 series		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=305:7::25:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_ID:1257871&cs=1D0B0C464B1B899DB011FCDDDB415D38DE		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	502	Projects	86
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	1 national delegates CFL		

4.20 Robotics and Autonomous Systems

ISO/TC 299 ROBOTICS			
GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2015	Secretariat	SIS (Sweden)
Chairperson	Mr. Tomas Lagerberg	Committee Manager	Ms. Katarina Widström
Scope	Standardization in the field of robotics, excluding toys and military applications.		
Structure	CAG Chair's Advisory Group		
	JWG 5 Joint ISO/TC 299 - IEC/SC 62A - IEC/SC 62D WG: Medical robot safety		
	SG 1 Study group on common robotics safety standard		
	WG 1 Vocabulary and characteristics		
	WG 2 Service robot safety		
	WG 3 Industrial safety		
	WG 4 Service robot performance		
	WG 6 Modularity for service robots		
	WG 7 Management system for service robots		
	WG 8 Biomechanical Data and Validation Methods for Physical Human-Robot Interactions		
	WG 9 Electrical interfaces for industrial robot end-effectors		
	WG 10 Industrial mobile robot interoperability and communication		
	WG 11 Measuring energy consumption for industrial robots		
	WG 12 Safety of dynamically stable industrial mobile robots (legged, wheeled, or other forms of locomotion)		
	WG 13 Safety requirements of industrial and service robotics		
	WG 14 Safety requirements for industrial mobile robots		
WG 15 Infrastructure for robot applications			
WG 16 Humanoid robot datasets			
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/5915511.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	34	Projects	23
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	33 participating members		
O-Members	10 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

4.21 Technical Committees Falling Outside of the Classification

ISO/IEC JTC 1 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
GENERAL INFORMATION				
Creation date	1987	Secretariat	ANSI (United States)	
Chairperson	Mr. Phil Wennblom	Committee Manager	Mrs. Lisa Rajchel	
Scope	Standardization in the field of information technology.			
Structure	SC 2	Coded character sets		
	SC 6	Telecommunications and information exchange between systems		
	SC 7	Software and systems engineering		
	SC 17	Cards and security devices for personal identification		
	SC 22	Programming languages, their environments and system software interfaces		
	SC 23	Digitally recorded media for information interchange and storage		
	SC 24	Computer graphics, image processing and environmental data representation		
	SC 25	Interconnection of information technology equipment		
	SC 27	Information security, cybersecurity and privacy protection		
	SC 28	Office equipment		
	SC 29	Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information		
	SC 31	Automatic identification and data capture techniques		
	SC 32	Data management and interchange		
	SC 34	Document description and processing languages		
	SC 35	User interfaces		
	SC 36	Information technology for learning, education and training		
	SC 37	Biometrics		
	SC 38	Cloud computing and distributed platforms		
	SC 39	Sustainability, IT and data centres		
	SC 40	IT service management and IT governance		
	SC 41	Internet of things and digital twin		
	SC 42	Artificial intelligence		
	SC 43	Brain-computer interfaces		
	SC 44	Consumer protection in the field of privacy by design		
	AG 1	Advisory Group on Communications		
	AG 2	Advisory Group on JTC 1 Emerging Technology and Innovation (JETI)		
	AG 14	Systems Integration Facilitation (SIF)		
	AG 15	Standards and Regulations		
	AG 19	Coordination with ISO TC 20/SC 16 on Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS)		
	AG 20	Coordination with ISO/TC 268/SC 1 on Smart Community Infrastructures		
	AG 22	Coordination with World Economic Forum		
	AG 23	Metaverse coordination		
	AHG 7	Supplement alignment		
	AHG 8	Succession Planning		
	AHG 10	OSD feedback		
	AHG 11	Neuromorphic computing systems		
	AHG 12	Horizontal function		
	CG 1	Strategic coordination group on data management and data governance		
	CG 2	Strategic coordination group on Metaverse		
	JAG	JTC 1 Advisory Group		
	JWG 1	Joint ISO/IEC JTC 1 - ISO/TC 268/SC 1 WG - Smart city infrastructure planning		
	WG 11	Smart cities		
	WG 12	3D Printing and scanning		
	WG 13	Trustworthiness		
	WG 15	JTC1 vocabulary		
	Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee:			
	ISO/TC 204/JWG 1		Joint ISO/TC 204 - JTC1 WG: City data model transportation planning	

Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45020.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	3704 (555 under the direct responsibility of JTC 1)	Projects	589 (71 under the direct responsibility of JTC 1)
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	49 participating members (including Luxembourg)		
O-Members	59 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	9 national delegates		
	ANEC GIE, CERTI-TRUST Interdigicert Europe S.A., ILNAS, INCERT GIE, Université du Luxembourg		

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 28 OFFICE EQUIPMENT



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	1990	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Mr. Takashi Ito	Committee Manager	Mr. Etsuo Morimoto
Scope	Standardization of basic characteristics, test methods and other related items of products such as 2D and 3D Printers/Scanners, Copiers, Projectors, Fax and Systems composed of their combinations, excluding such interfaces as user system interfaces, communication interfaces and protocols.		
Structure	AG Advisory Group WG 2 Consumables WG 3 Productivity WG 4 Image quality assessment WG 5 Office Colour WG 6 Sustainability requirements Joint working groups under the responsibility of another committee: ISO/TC 42/JWG 27 Joint ISO/TC 42 – JTC 1/SC 28 - ISO/TC 130 WG: Image permanence & durability test methods and specifications for digital prints in commercial applications ISO/TC 130/JWG 14 Joint TC 130 - TC 42 - JTC 1/SC 28 WG: Print quality measurement methods		
Webpage	https://www.iso.org/committee/45314.html		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	41	Projects	6
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	9 participating members		
O-Members	22 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

IEC/ISO/JSyC BDD JOINT SYSTEMS COMMITTEE ON BIO-DIGITAL CONVERGENCE



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2024	Secretariat	IEC
Chairperson	Mr François Coallier	Secretary	Mr. Stephen Dutnall
Scope	Systems level standardization activities in the domain of bio-digital convergence for the IEC and ISO, including ISO/IEC JTC 1 and IEC/ISO JTC 3. - Facilitate outreach and influence the work on bio-digital convergence with ISO, other SDOs, and industry consortia, in collaboration with relevant IEC and ISO entities and thus facilitate the advancement and coordination of bio-digital convergence standardization. - Collection, evaluation, and classification of existing standards that are relevant in the field of BDC. Identification of gaps.		

	- Identify and assess potential new forthcoming bio-digital convergence topics and problematics that may become relevant to IEC and ISO activities and recommend to the IEC/SMB and the ISO/TMB an appropriate course of action to meet the needs of the global community.
Structure	WG 1 Reverse Engineering of Living Systems WG 2 Life Systems and Bioengineering WG 3 Human Augmentation Technologies WG 4 Agricultural Bioengineering WG 5 Environmental Bioengineering WG 22 BDC Landscape, General Overview WG 23 Biomanufacturing WG 24 Bio-digital Convergence - vocabulary JWG 33 Embodied IoT Systems Managed by ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 41 AG 14 TSF Reverse Engineering of Living Systems AG 15 TSF Life Systems and Bioengineering AG 16 TSF Human Augmentation Technologies AG 17 TSF Agricultural Bioengineering AG 18 TSF Environmental Bioengineering AG 21 Outreach and Engagement ahG 7 Bio-digital convergence ethical and societal considerations ahG 19 Bio-Digital Terminology ahG 20 Bio-Digital Landscape CAG 6 Chair's Advisory Group OF 8 Open Forum – Reverse Engineering of Living Systems OF 9 Open Forum – Life Systems and Bioengineering OF 10 Open Forum – Human Augmentation Technologies OF 11 Open Forum – Agricultural Bioengineering OF 12 Open Forum – Environmental Bioengineering OF 13 Open Forum – Transfer of former SEG 12 Members OF 14 Open Forum – Bio-digital convergence ethical and societal considerations
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:186:412103166380165:::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LAN_G_ID:49793,25
STANDARDIZATION WORK	
Published standards	0
Projects	14
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT	
P-Members	7 participating members
O-Members	16 observing members
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)

IEC/TC 100 AUDIO, VIDEO AND MULTIMEDIA SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	-	Secretariat	JISC (Japan)
Chairperson	Mrs. Ulrike Haltrich	Secretary	Ms. Mahiru Uehara
Scope	To prepare international publications in the field of audio, video and multimedia systems and equipment. These publications mainly include specification of the performance, methods of measurement for consumer and professional equipment and their application in systems and its interoperability with other systems or equipment. Note: Multimedia is the integration of any form of audio, video, graphics, data and telecommunication and integration includes the production, storage, processing, transmission, display and reproduction of such information.		
Structure	WG 11 User's Quality of Experience (QoE) on Multimedia Conferencing Services WG 12 Multimedia systems and equipment for metaverse WG 25 Terminals for audio, video and data services and content WG 26 Colour measurement and management WG 27 Cable networks for television signals, sound signals and interactive services WG 28 Storage media, storage data structures, storage systems and equipment		

	WG 29	Wireless Power Transfer
	WG 30	Multimedia systems and equipment for vehicles
	WG 31	Multimedia home systems and applications for end-user networks
	WG 32	Environmental and energy aspects for multimedia systems and equipment
	WG 33	Analogue and digital audio
	WG 34	Virtual (VR), Augmented (AR) and Mixed (MR) Reality systems and equipment
	JWG 24	Electrical and electronic household and office equipment – Measurement of networked standby power consumption of edge equipment linked to TC 59
	JWG 35	JWG for IEC TR 63509 ED1 - Characteristics of WRGB-type displays linked to TC 110
	JWG 21	Joint terminology between TC 100 and TC 110 Managed by TC 110
	AG 3	General Maintenance Team (GMT)
	AG 13	Chair's advisory group (CAG)
	AG 21	Terminology
	ahG 10	TC 100 strategic priorities and future topics and Use cases and related studies
	ahG 23	The framework for capability dimensions of Intelligent Home System
	EG 5	Editing Group
	JAG 22	Coordination of standardization activities relating to the scope of TC 100 and TC 110 linked to TC 110
Webpage	https://www.iec.ch/dyn/www/f?p=103:7:504511597878065::::FSP_ORG_ID,FSP_LANG_I D:1297,25	

STANDARDIZATION WORK

Published standards	552	Projects	60
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
P-Members	19 participating members		
O-Members	26 observing members		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 434
ELECTRONIC INVOICING

GENERAL INFORMATION

Creation date	2014	Secretariat	NEN (Netherlands)
Chairperson	Mr. Andrea Caccia	Secretary	Ms. Terry Guijt
Scope	CEN/TC 434 deals with electronic invoicing and has undertaken the standardization activities required by the Directive 2014/55/EU.		
Structure	WG 1 Core semantic data model WG 3 Syntax bindings WG 5 Extension methodology WG 7 Registry Services WG CAG Chair Advisory Group		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=205:7::::FSP_ORG_ID:1883209&cs=14DD1206F34C582059B364D80C56C406D		

STANDARDIZATION WORK

Published standards	15	Projects	8
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 440
ELECTRONIC PUBLIC PROCUREMENT

GENERAL INFORMATION

Creation date	2015	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr Peter L. Borresen	Secretary	Mr. Gregor Roschkowski
Scope	Standardization in the field of e-procurement to support the electronic public procurement processes and their accompanying information flows in the physical and financial supply chain. This is to facilitate end-to-end e-procurement including both Pre-award and Post-award processes for public procurement covering: - e-notification - o Publication of and access to notices related to procurement opportunities such as Prior information Notices, Contract Notices and Contract Award Notices. - e-access - o Electronic access to tender documents and specifications, including electronic access to supporting documents for suppliers in the preparation of a Tender response, e.g. clarifications, questions and answers. - e-submission - o Secure submission of tenders and/or catalogues in electronic format to the contracting body (contracting authority/ contracting entity), which is able to receive and process it in compliance with applicable legal requirements. - e-evaluation - o Evaluation of the electronic tenders and/or catalogues received by the contracting body following the closing deadline of a tender competition, including electronic exchange to support for evaluators to clarify the tender. - e-awarding - o Information exchange regarding award of the contract, including electronic exchange to support tenderers request for additional information about the result of the procedure. - e-contract - o Signing, enactment of a contract / agreement and possibly its related catalogue through electronic means between the contracting authority/entity and the winning tenderer(s), as well as signing of contract amendments and possibly their related catalogue. - e-sourcing - o Activities preparatory to issuing an order. It can consist in exchanging electronic messages with winning tenderers who have signed a framework agreement with the contracting body, a request for quotation and its response (quotation) (e.g. framework agreements with reopening competition), etc. - e-ordering - o Issuing of an electronic order by the contracting body and its acceptance by the supplier or conversely issuing of an electronic order agreement by the supplier. - e-fulfilment - o Electronic exchange of documents that enable monitoring the execution of the order or the contract. Deliverables for these processes will support the electronic exchange of information in public procurement as well as in B2B transactions. Attention will be given to the establishment of a semantic data model and at least one syntax data binding for the application of XML in both pre-award and post-award. The work of CEN/PC 440 will be developed from the deliverables of CEN/BII (2)3 in alignment with the deliverables of CEN/PC 434. Other initiatives such as ISO/IEC/JTC 1/SC 32, OpenPEPPOL and eSENS will be taken into consideration as appropriate."		
Structure	WG 1 Architecture WG 2 Terminology WG 3 e-Notification WG 4 Pre-Award WG 5 e-Catalogue WG 6 e-Ordering WG 7 e-Fulfilment WG 8 Chairs advisory group (CAG)		

Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=205:7::::FSP_ORG_ID:1976650&cs=1D39C1DBA1C43BC2D10E20DA245C93963		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	12	Projects	11
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

CEN/TC 445 DIGITAL INFORMATION INTERCHANGE IN THE INSURANCE INDUSTRY



GENERAL INFORMATION			
Creation date	2016	Secretariat	DIN (Germany)
Chairperson	Mr. Dr. Manuel Reimer	Secretary	Mrs. Pelin Düzyurt
Scope	Standardization in the field of digital information interchange in the European insurance industry. This applies to aspects of policy administration (quotation, offer, application, transfer of contract and premium data, premium and commission statement, party and contract changes, search and information services for party and contract) and of claims handling (notification, verification, assessment, authorization, settlement and reimbursement, recovery, status information). Standardization will focus on the digital information interchange among insurance companies, intermediaries, sales organizations, portals, service providers and customers. All lines of business in the insurance industry may be considered, such as life, health, property and casualty.		
Structure	WG 1 Digital Interchange		
Webpage	https://standards.cencenelec.eu/ords/f?p=205:7::::FSP_ORG_ID:2066522&cs=1A297E1EFB7A4D5347FBD5FF9FB8A6F30		
STANDARDIZATION WORK			
Published standards	3	Projects	2
INTERNATIONAL MEMBERS AND NATIONAL INVOLVEMENT			
Members	34 members of CEN/CENELEC		
Luxembourg's involvement	NO (no registered delegate)		

4.22 ITU-T Study groups

ITU-T study groups (SG) enable ITU-T members to work collaboratively to develop standards known as ITU Recommendations for the various fields from a telecommunications perspective.

Participation in an ITU-T SG is done directly by the entity interested, and not through ILNAS. Table 1 lists the existing SGs.

SG	TITLE AND LINK	RELATED SUBSECTOR(S)
SG 2	Operational aspects of telecommunications and ICTs	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
SG 3	Tariff and accounting principles and international telecommunication/ICT economic and policy issues	
SG 5	Environment, EMF & circular economy	ICT Environmental Impact, Green ICT and Sustainability
SG 11	Signalling requirements, protocols, test specifications and combating counterfeit telecommunication/ICT devices	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
SG 12	Performance, quality of service and quality of experience	
SG 13	Future networks and emerging network technologies	- Data Economy, Cloud and Edge computing - Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
SG 15	Networks, technologies and infrastructures for transport, access and home	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
SG 17	Security	Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy Protection
SG 20	Internet of Things, digital twins and smart sustainable cities and communities	- Internet of Things - Smart Cities and Communities
SG 21	Technologies for multimedia, content delivery and cable television	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication

Table 1: ITU study groups

4.23 ETSI Industry Specification Groups and CEN/CLC Workshops

4.23.1 ETSI Industry Specification Groups

An Industry Specification Group (ISG) is a quickly set-up type of ETSI structure that produces deliverables related to a very specific technology area. It is a structure that operates alongside ETSI technical committees, and within which both ETSI members and non-members can participate. The deliverables produced are either informative reports (known as Group Reports) or recommendations (known as Group Specifications).

As is the case for ETSI TCs, registration to an ISG is done directly by the entity interested, and not through ILNAS. Table 2 below lists the existing ISGs.

ISG	TITLE AND LINK	RELATED SUBSECTOR(S)
ARF	Augmented Reality Framework	Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality
ENI	Experiential Networked Intelligence	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
F5G	5th Generation Fixed Network	
ISAC	Integrated Sensing And Communications	
MAT	Multiple Access Techniques	
MEC	Multi-access Edge Computing	Internet of Things
NFV	Network Functions Virtualisation	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
OEU	Operational energy Efficiency for Users	ICT Environmental Impact, Green ICT and Sustainability
QKD	Quantum Key Distribution	Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy protection
RIS	Reconfigurable Intelligent Surfaces	Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
THz	TeraHertz technology	
ZSM	Zero-touch network and Service Management	

Table 2: ETSI's Industry Specification Groups (ISG)

4.23.2 CEN/CENELEC Workshops

CEN, CENELEC, or CEN/CENELEC Workshops (WS) are structures set up to quickly produce documents that are considered reference documents by those entities participating in the Workshop. These are typically set up for rapidly evolving technologies or fields. The documents produced are known as CEN (or CENELEC) Workshop Agreements, or CWAs. While they are meant to be quickly produced reference documents, a process exists to make them into European standards, if deemed suitable.

Organizations willing to participate in a Workshop have to register directly, without requesting ILNAS. It has to be noted that participation in Workshops is open also to non-Europeans.

Table 3 below lists some of those WS that exist, relevant to ICT.

WS	TITLE AND LINK	RELATED SUBSECTOR(S)
CEN/CLC/WS DSO	Digital sovereignty	Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy protection
CEN/CLC/WS SEP2	Industry Best Practices and an Industry Code of Conduct for Licensing of Standard Essential Patents in the field of 5G and Internet of Things	- Internet of Things - Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
CEN/CLC/WS AADSF	Age Appropriate Digital Services Framework	Accessibility of ICT Products and Services
CEN/CLC/WS INACHUS	Urban search and rescue (USaR) robotic platform technical and procedural interoperability	Robotics and Autonomous Systems
CEN/CLC/WS Monsoon	Predictive management of data intensive industrial processes	- Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality - Digitisation of European Industry: Smart Manufacturing
CEN/CLC/WS SEP-IoT	Workshop on Best Practices and a Code of Conduct for Licensing Industry Standard Essential Patents in 5G and the Internet of Things (IoT), including the Industrial Internet	- Internet of Things - Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
CEN/CLC/WS ZONeSEC	Interoperability of security systems for the surveillance of widezones	Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy protection
CEN/CLC/WS WiseGRID	Reference model for distribution application for microgrids	Smart Grids and Smart Metering, Efficient Energy Use
CEN/CLC/WS EFPFInterOp	European Connected Factory Platform for Agile Manufacturing Interoperability	Digitisation of European Industry: Smart Manufacturing
CEN/CLC/WS ZDMterm	Zero Defects in Digital Manufacturing Terminology	
CEN/WS Smart-CE-Marking	Smart CE marking for the construction industry	
CEN/WS TDT	Trusted Data Transaction	Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy protection

WS	TITLE AND LINK	RELATED SUBSECTOR(S)
CEN/WS DHI	Digital health innovations – Good practice guide for obtaining user consent for personal health information	- E-Health, Healthy Living and Aging - Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy protection
CEN/WS SCS	Description and Assessment of Good Practices for Smart City Solutions	Smart Cities and Communities
CEN/WS ARISA	A.I. Role Profiles and Educational Profiles	- Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality - Education, Digital Skills and Digital Learning
CEN/WS RA-AIPI	Reference Architecture for AI solutions' application within process industry - the EU project s-X-AIPI experience	Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality
CEN/WS RoBétArmé	Robotic construction system for shotcrete digitization and automation through advanced perception, cognition, mobility and additive manufacturing skills	- Robotics and Autonomous Systems - Digitization of European Industry: Smart Manufacturing
CEN/WS CircThread	Guidelines to create a Digital Product Passport	ICT Environmental Impact, Green ICT and Sustainability
CEN/WS JXF	XFS for the Java Platform	Fintech
CEN/WS IHAN	Elements of fair and functioning data economy: identity, consent and logging	Data Economy Digital Trust: Cybersecurity, Network and Information security, Trustworthiness, and Privacy protection
CEN/WS ICT	ICT/SKILLS Workshop (IT profiles and curricula)	Education, Digital Skills, and Digital Learning
CEN/WS SensorAPI	CBRNe SENSOR API Network Protocols, Data Formats and Interfaces	Internet of Things Telecommunications and Networking, and Emergency Telecommunication
CEN/WS XRLPA	eXtended Reality (XR) for Learning and Performance Augmentation	Education, Digital Skills, and Digital Learning Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality
CEN/WS COVR	Safety in close human-robot interaction: procedures for validation tests	Robotics and Autonomous Systems
CEN/WS XFS	eXtensions for Financial Services	Fintech
CEN/WS STAMINA	Assessing machine learning-based pandemic crisis prediction and management tools in STADEM trials	Artificial Intelligence, Big Data and Virtual Reality

Table 3: CEN and CEN/CLC Workshops (WS)

5 OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE NATIONAL MARKET

The purpose of this Standards Analysis “ICT Sector - Luxembourg” is to encourage the participation of national stakeholders in technical standardization, as doing so would directly contribute to supporting and stimulating the Luxembourg ICT market's competitiveness, visibility and performance. Many national organizations are involved in ICT technical standardization, offering them unique opportunities to participate in the process and help design the future global ICT landscape, in all topics ranging from Software Engineering to the new Smart ICT paradigms (e.g.: Quantum Technologies, Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain), and through Information Security and Digital Trust. This chapter provides an overview of ILNAS developments aiming at facilitating the involvement of stakeholders in the technical standardization process, for the benefit of the national economy.

The ICT sector is, at a national level, the most active standardization sector. Luxembourg is a “P-member”¹² of ISO/IEC JTC 1 and represents national interests in its plenary meetings. 95 delegates¹³ from the country are currently involved in international and European technical standardization committees of the ICT sector. However, considering the size and richness of the ecosystem of organizations involved in ICT in Luxembourg, ILNAS believes that ICT standardization technical committees could still attract more national stakeholders and make them benefit from related opportunities. In this way, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, is following ICT-related technical committees to provide the most relevant information to the national ICT community.

In short, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, undergoes different activities to inform national stakeholders and support their normative steps. The opportunities presented in this chapter are available at the national level and should be considered by stakeholders as a series of proposals, inviting them to go further and to engage in activities to take advantage of standardization.

5.1 Information about Standardization

5.1.1 Awareness Sessions

Interested national stakeholders can contact ILNAS and ANEC GIE to set up a dedicated awareness session. This kind of meeting aims at providing basic knowledge about standardization as well as information that meets the standards-related interests of the requesting organization. A sample of relevant technical committees and standards projects under development is given to allow one to take advantage of standardization, for example by registering in the identified technical committees.

Aside from making direct contact, interested stakeholders can also fill out a [declaration of interest in ICT standardization](#) that ILNAS and ANEC GIE will act on.

5.1.2 ICT Standards Watch

The objective of this Standards Analysis is to facilitate the identification of technical committees in the ICT domain that meet organizations' potential interests. In addition, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, proposes a [focused standards watch service](#) to answer the needs of a given national organization. This service consists in the analysis of relevant standards (both published and under development) and technical committees related to a specific need identified by the requesting organization. A standards watch report is delivered at the end of the process, and some additional steps can be proposed by

¹² P-members actively participate by voting on the standard at various stages of its development, while O-members can observe the standards that are being developed, offering comments and advice. See the [ISO website](#) for more detail.

¹³ Some experts are registered in more than one technical committee.

ILNAS and ANEC GIE, such as registration in one or more targeted technical committees to allow the follow-up of the relevant standardization developments by the requesting organization. This service can also consist in the verification of already-established standards catalogues.

5.1.3 General Dissemination of Normative Information

Publications

ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, regularly publishes and disseminates reports and White Papers at the national level to provide valuable information on ICT standardization topics to the market. They are freely available on the [Portail-Qualité](#).

News Items

ILNAS and ANEC GIE regularly publish, on the [Portail-Qualité](#), news items related to recent developments in technical standardization, and encourage interested parties to take advantage of these developments. Anyone interested can register to the [Standardization Newsletter](#) to receive a summary of these news items.

Technical Standardization Data Sheets

Data sheets providing information on technical committees and relevant technical standards in specific focused areas are freely available on the [Portail-Qualité](#). They are covering different ICT topics, such as Blockchain and distributed ledgers, Cloud Computing, Digital Twin, Quantum technologies, etc. They can ideally complement the Standards Analysis with examples of standards and projects in these areas.

Videos Promoting Standards and Standardization

The application and uptake of ICT standards is also a key opportunity that the market can take advantage of. In order to encourage this, videos dedicated to certain standards series are produced and made freely available on the [ILNAS Luxembourg YouTube channel](#) (along with other promotional videos).

5.1.4 Purchase of Standards

The [ILNAS e-Shop](#) is a catalog of more than 229,000 normative documents. It offers the possibility to purchase national (ILNAS and DIN), European (CEN, CENELEC and ETSI¹⁴) and international (ISO and IEC) standards in electronic format at competitive prices. This catalog is available in three languages: English, French and German.

5.1.5 Free Consultation of Standards

ILNAS offers the possibility to consult its entire standards' catalog free of charge through dedicated reading stations located in different places in Luxembourg¹⁵. This service allows, for example, interested organizations or individuals to consult a standard before its purchase on the ILNAS e-Shop.

¹⁴ ETSI standards are available free of charge

¹⁵ The full list can be found at this location: <https://portail-qualite.public.lu/fr/normes-normalisation/achat-consultation-normes.html>

5.1.6 Standardization Research Results

Technical Standardization for Trustworthy ICT, Aerospace, and Construction (2021-2024)

ILNAS and the Interdisciplinary Centre for Security, Reliability and Trust (SnT) of the University of Luxembourg have recently launched a new research program entitled “[Technical Standardisation for Trustworthy and Sustainable ICT, Aerospace and Construction \(2025-2028\)](#)”. Covering all three of the priority sectors identified in the [Luxembourg Standardization Strategy 2024-2030](#) (ICT, construction, and aerospace), this program is exploring reliability, security and privacy aspects in all three sectors, with ICT playing a crucial transversal role.

The progress of this program will be presented during the World Standards Day event organized each year in Luxembourg in October.

Results of previous research programs – “*Normalisation technique pour une utilisation fiable dans le domaine « Smart ICT »*” (2017-2020) and “*Technical Standardisation for Trustworthy ICT, Aerospace, and Construction*” (2021-2024) – including technical reports and White Papers, are freely available on the [Portail-Qualité](#).

5.2 Training in Standardization

5.2.1 Training Catalogue

ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, develops a [training catalogue](#) annually, which is updated according to market expectations. There are online training videos on general aspects of technical standardization that are available free-of-charge (e.g.: Standardization and conformity, Standardization and Legislation), as well as technical trainings and awareness sessions on specific ICT standardization topics, such as on Quantum technologies and technical standardization.

These trainings aim at meeting the expectations of national stakeholders in terms of normative knowledge in the relevant fields. Based on courses proposed in the training catalogue, customized training sessions can also be organized. Any request will be evaluated and a dedicated training program will be proposed to serve specific professional development needs.

5.2.2 Professional “Master in Technopreneurship: mastering smart ICT, standardisation and digital trust for enabling next generation of ICT solutions”

ILNAS, supported by ANEC GIE, with the University of Luxembourg and the Chamber of Employees (CSL) have developed a Master entitled “[Master in Technopreneurship: mastering smart ICT, standardisation and digital trust for enabling next generation of ICT solutions](#)”. It started in 2021 and is designed for experienced professionals who wish to develop their technological skills in the field of Smart Secure ICT and technopreneurship.

This program focuses on Smart Secure ICT and provides students with the Smart ICT concepts and tools at their disposal to develop their sense of technical innovation (or “technopreneurship”). Digital Trust is also a central component, and it is not only treated from the point of view of security, but also considering other aspects like reliability, accountability, privacy, transparency, integrity, legitimacy, etc. in order to allow the adoption of Smart ICT technologies and the development of innovative services, products, and businesses. The Master’s program tackles various aspects of Smart ICT and their applications, such as the development of Cloud Computing, Internet of Things, Artificial Intelligence or

Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technologies. International experts address these Smart ICT concepts, along with the concepts of information security and Digital Trust, which are essential now more than ever.

This program provides lectures from three points of view:

- Technical: providing the fundamentals of Smart ICT technologies and security techniques and the latest scientific developments;
- Technopreneurship: in order to highlight major opportunities for technical innovation;
- Technical standardization: plays a key role within the program, as an important source of knowledge and good practices, while defining the future ICT. Concretely, technical standardization remains a main keystone between Smart ICT technologies, the related Digital Trust needs, and the development of business innovation, as it points the way forward.

5.3 Involvement in Standardization

5.3.1 Becoming a National Delegate in Standardization

Benefits of Participation in ICT Standardization Technical Committees

In Luxembourg, registration in technical committees from ISO, IEC, CEN or CENELEC is [free-of-charge](#). Participating in ICT standardization technical committees offers a broad set of opportunities and benefits, such as:

- Giving your opinion during the standardization process (comments and positions of vote on the draft standards);
- Showcasing your know-how and good practices;
- Accessing draft standards;
- Anticipating future evolutions of ICT standardization;
- Collaborating with strategic partners and international experts;
- Enhancing the visibility of your organization at national and international level;
- Identifying development opportunities;
- Making your organization competitive in the market.

Participating in the Training for New Delegates in Standardization

ILNAS can organize trainings for newcomers in technical standardization, who have registered in a technical committee. They are encouraged to participate in order to better understand the roles and missions of delegates in standardization on one hand, and to become familiar with the tools and services at their disposal for this work on the other.

In addition, ILNAS has also created a video training for new delegates, as well as other standardization training videos covering certain general aspects. All these videos are available [online](#).

Support to National Delegates

As the national standards body, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, offers its support to national delegates of the different committees at the national level. These duties are of primary importance and well stated in the “Luxembourg’s Policy on ICT technical standardization 2026-2030”, which aims at developing the ICT technical standardization representation at the national level.

Particularly in the ICT sector, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, proposes a dedicated coaching service that is available for any registered national delegate, who requires assistance for the achievement of her/his standardization work.

Stronger Commitment as a National Delegate (Chairman, Head of Delegation, Editor of European or International Standards)

Registration as a national delegate offers possibilities to assume different levels of involvement, such as:

- Chairman of a national mirror committee: each national mirror committee has to nominate a chairman who will be in charge of the organization of the national community of delegates registered in that particular committee. Indeed, the chairman has to vote on the draft standards on the basis of the consensual position agreed between the economic entities represented within the national mirror committee.
- Head of delegation: a national delegate can be nominated by the national mirror committee to represent its position during plenary meetings of the corresponding international or European technical committees.
- Editor or co-editor of standards documents: each standards project is subject to a call for participation. In this frame, a national delegate can choose to actively participate in the project as an editor or co-editor. He will then take the responsibility to ensure the successful conduct of the project until its publication.

5.3.2 Commenting Standards under Public Enquiry

ILNAS proposes, through its [e-Shop](#), the opportunity to submit comments on the standards under public enquiry. Every interested national stakeholder can propose changes to a draft standard, regardless of whether this stakeholder is officially registered in the technical committee responsible for the development of that standard.

5.3.3 Proposing New Standards Projects

National stakeholders can propose new standardization projects at international, European and national levels through ILNAS. The national standards body offers its support to ensure the good implementation of the process and the project’s compliance with the related rules and legislation.

This opportunity can allow national stakeholders to take a leading role in the standardization of a specific domain and to benefit from the definition of future market rules.

HIGHLIGHTS OF OPPORTUNITIES AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL

Luxembourg offers different opportunities to national stakeholders to enable them to take advantage of technical standardization, summarized as follows:

- To be informed about standardization:
 - Benefit from dedicated awareness sessions.
 - Identify the most relevant ICT technical standardization committees and standards projects using the standards watch service.
 - Consult ILNAS publications on ICT standardization.
 - Consult freely national, European and international standards.
 - Benefit from the ICT standardization research results at the national level.
- To be trained in technical standardization:
 - Participate in the trainings on ICT standardization.
 - Participate in the professional “Master in Technopreneurship: mastering smart ICT, standardisation and digital trust for enabling next generation of ICT solutions”.
- To be involved in standardization:
 - Become national technical standardization delegate:
 - Participate in ICT technical committees,
 - Register in the training for new delegates in standardization,
 - Benefit from the support offered by the national standards body,
 - Take on additional responsibilities as a national delegate (chairman, head of delegation, editor of European or international standards project).
 - Submit comments on draft standards under public enquiry.
 - Propose new standards projects.

As long as the stakeholders of the sector wish to seize these opportunities, ILNAS, supported by ANEC GIE, can facilitate getting on board the overall process.

As the national standards body, ILNAS offers national stakeholders the possibility to follow specific standardization activities of technical committees, either at European or international level. It supports those who are interested to participate in standardization activities, namely by providing information and delivering trainings. Therefore, resources from ILNAS and ANEC GIE are specifically dedicated to these aspects and are able to efficiently support and inform prospective national delegates.

CONCLUSION

The ICT sector is constantly evolving. From the continued improvement of traditional topics to the development of new and innovative digital products and services, ICT constitutes a major source of economic development and directly participates in the resolution of current environmental and social concerns. Moreover, ICT plays a crucial role to support innovation and foster the development of all the other economic sectors where applications and services offer new opportunities. This is particularly true of Smart ICT technologies such as Quantum Computing, Cloud Computing, the Internet of Things, Artificial Intelligence, and Blockchain. At the same time, providing confidence in digital services and securing complex systems remain essential to reap the full benefit of ICT.

Rapid technological advancements in ICT and their widespread adoption have resulted in a huge demand for and development of relevant technical standards. In this context, standards are key not only to support the development of ICT, but also to address the arising challenges. On the one hand, technical standardization plays an important role to give a first-hand insight into the latest developments, thus supporting innovation, and also to contribute to the harmonization of systems and procedures, opening access to external markets, ensuring constant progress, and building trust. On the other hand, standards contribute to promote and share good practices and techniques available through the market. They ensure the quality, security and performance of products, systems, and services. They also facilitate dialogue and exchange between various stakeholders. In this sense, standardization represents an important economic lever to improve business productivity.

ICT is one of the growth sectors identified in the “[Luxembourg Standardization Strategy 2024-2030](#)”, since it supports many innovative or smart developments. ICT is indeed one of the most competitive economic sectors in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, which has high-quality communication infrastructures, hosts several world-leading ICT companies as well as many start-ups¹⁶, and is composed of a market of many companies, associations, administrations, and experts. Luxembourg is also particularly active in creating a secure environment for developing a trusted data-driven economy.

ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, constantly analyzes ICT technical standardization developments and actively supports national stakeholders who want to be involved in this area, according to “[Luxembourg's Policy on ICT technical standardization 2026-2030](#)”. The main objectives of this policy are to foster and strengthen the national ICT sector's involvement in standardization work. To achieve this, ILNAS is conducting three intertwined projects:

- a) Identifying and following technical standardization activities related to the ICT sector;
- b) Promoting ICT technical standardization and strengthening national market involvement;
- c) Supporting and strengthening the education about standardization and the related research activities.

In line with the first project, this Standards Analysis “ICT Sector - Luxembourg” constitutes a tool to foster the positioning of Luxembourg in the ICT standardization landscape. It highlights the opportunities offered to the national market to participate in standardization.

Similarly, for the second project, ILNAS, aided by ANEC GIE, offers its support to different industries/organizations through standardization according to the nature of their business at the national level. ICT related technical committees already benefit from a good national representation with 95 national delegates currently registered to participate in one or several of these normative domains¹⁷. This figure demonstrates the interest of individuals and industries/organizations in technical standardization. ILNAS has also undertaken other initiatives to facilitate the participation of national

¹⁶ See for instance the “[Startup Ecosystem](#)” website for more information.

¹⁷ Note that certain experts are registered in more than one technical committee

stakeholders in specific ICT standardization areas, such as the creation of National Standardization Commissions (NSC), offering a single access point to multiple international and European technical committees active in specific areas. The first one, dedicated to cybersecurity, was created in 2021, and two new NSCs were created in 2024: ILNAS/NSC 03 “Quantum Technologies” was launched in February 2024 and ILNAS/NSC 04 “Artificial Intelligence” was kicked off in September 2024. The most recent one was finally created in April 2025: ILNAS/NSC 05 “Cloud and Data”. ILNAS intends to adopt the same approach for other ICT topics in which several technical committees are active to continuously improve the experience of its national standardization delegates and facilitate their understanding of the overall standardization picture in their domain.

Finally, conforming to the third project of the policy, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, has undertaken concrete developments for strengthening education and research activities in the area of technical standardization. It includes the launch of the professional [Master MTECH “Master in Technopreneurship: mastering smart ICT, standardisation and digital trust for enabling next generation of ICT solutions”](#). ILNAS and the University of Luxembourg are also implementing the research program [“Technical Standardisation for Trustworthy and Sustainable ICT, Aerospace and Construction”](#) (2025-2028), which is exploring Digital Trust and sustainability aspects of the three sectors, with ICT in particular playing a horizontal role in the other two. It is the third research program carried out through this fruitful partnership. Results of previous research programs – *“Normalisation technique pour une utilisation fiable dans le domaine « Smart ICT »”* (2017-2020) and *“Technical Standardisation for Trustworthy ICT, Aerospace, and Construction”* (2021-2024) – including technical reports and White Papers, are freely available on the [Portail-Qualité](#).

In parallel, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, aims to create awareness and interest concerning relevant standardization developments within the national market, with the [publication of White Papers and National Technical Standardization Reports on Smart ICT technologies](#).

The three projects of the “Luxembourg’s Policy on ICT technical standardization 2026-2030” will allow the national market to make rapid progress and reap the benefits of technical standardization effectively. A proper understanding of the stakes associated with ICT standardization is key to adopting the appropriate position across the standardization landscape and benefit from all the related opportunities. Driven by the motto of the Luxembourg Standardization Strategy 2024-2030: “Technical standardization – An inclusive tool for performance and excellence to serve the economy”, ILNAS, with the support of ANEC GIE, stands ready to encourage and assist each initiative in this process.





Please fill out the satisfaction survey:

<https://gd.lu/8IHGNn>

ILNAS

Institut Luxembourgeois de la
Normalisation, de l'Accréditation, de la
Sécurité et qualité des produits et services

ANEC

Agence pour la Normalisation
et l'Economie de la Connaissance